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SPAIN'S COAST

To Be Bombarded By Our Eastern Squadron in the Near Future.

COMMODORE WATSON PLACED IN COMMAND.

More Troops Leave to Join Our Gallant Boys at Santiago—An Invading Force of Ten Thousand.

Special to The News:

Washington, June 27.—The Navy Department also issued the following official statement: Commodore J. A. Howell is assigned to command the first squadron of the North Atlantic fleet. Commodore John C. Watson is assigned to command the Eastern squadron as commander in chief. The Eastern squadron will be composed of the following vessels:

Flagship of Commodore Watson, the second rate protected cruiser Newark, steel, 4,090 tons and carrying 12 guns.

First Class Battleship Iowa—Captain R. D. Evans; tonnage 11,410; speed, 16 knots; officers and men, 500; armament, four 12-inch, eight 8-inch, and six 4-inch breach loading rifles, twenty 6-pounder and four 1-pounder rapid fire guns, four Gatlings; torpedo tubes, 6; armor, 14-inch sides, 15-inch turrets, 6 and 15-inch barbettes, 2 3-4-inch deck; weight of one discharge of projectiles from the thirty-eight guns, 5,717 pounds.

First class battleship Oregon, steel, 10,288 tons, and carrying 16 guns. The auiliary cruiser Yosemite: auxiliary cruisers Yankee and Dixie, and the colliers Skindia, Abenda and Alexander.

This squadron has orders to sail as soon as formed to the coast of Spain, and carry the war into the home country. It will be known as the Eastern Squadron.

The news of the formation of the Eastern squadron has caused a sensation here. It was known that the government expected to send a fleet to Spain but persons did not think it was to be done so soon.

The President is said to have expressed an opinion to a leading senator this morning that Spain will soon surrender.

Reinforcements For Porto Rico.

Special to The News:

London, June 27.—A dispatch from Madrid says that Spain is preparing to send reinforcements to Porto Rico by fast liners.

Big Battle Expected Tomorrow.

Special to The News:

Kingston, June 27.—General Shafter is expected to fight a big battle at Santiago Wednesday. He is now maneuvering for position.

NINE THOUSAND MEN

To be Added to the Army in Cuba—Fifteen Hundred Will Arrive Today.

Special to the News.

Washington, June 27.—The cruiser Yale is due to arrive at Santiago today. She has on board 1,500 troops. The cruiser Harvard has the same number on board, which will make three thousand, while 5,000 additional troops are ready to embark at Tampa as soon as the transport ships can be made ready. Other troops, soon to be drawn from Camp Alger and Chickamauga, will make an army of reinforcement 10,000 in number.

THE CRUISER PRAIRIE

Coals and is Ready for a Long Journey, Starting From Key West.

Special to The News.

New York, June 27.—The crew of the auxiliary cruiser Prairie have put on their last cargo of coal and supplies this morning. The ship is now at Thomsonville, Georgia, and will sail direct to Key West to take on troops for Cuba. She has coal enough to last her for a thirty days' cruise without any replenishment.

TWO DENTISTS DROWNED.

Crevecocur Lake is the Watery Grave of a Father and His Young Son.

Special to The News.

St. Louis, Mo., June 27.—Dr. Louis Jacobs and son, Daniel, a young man of 18 years, and both prominent dentists in this city, were drowned yesterday while on an outing at Crevococur Lake. While in the middle of the lake their boat capsized.

AUSTRIA MIXING IN.

She Sends Torpedos to the Spanish Fleet on the Way to Manila.

Special to The News

London, June 27.—A dispatch from Fiume, Austria, a seaport town of that country, says that Austrian vessels are now on their way to the Philippines with five hundred torpedos intended for the Spanish fleet reported on its way to Manila.

PROMOTION WILL BE MADE.

Hobson, Newcomb, Hodgsdon and Cadet Powell Will be Remembered.

Special to The News:

Washington, June 27.—The President sent a message to congress today recommending the promotion and recognition of Lieutenant Hobson, Lieutenant Newcomb, of the revenue cutter Hudson, who rescued the torpedo boat Winslow at Cardenas; Captain Hodgsdon, of the revenue cutter McCulloch, now at Manila, and Cadet Powell, who waited for the crew of the Merrimac in a launch.

AUSTRIAN CRUISER FOR MANILA.

Camara's Fleet in the Suez Canal—No Spanish Vessels Coal at Port Said.

Special to the News:

Vienna, June 27.—Austrian cruiser, Corvette Frundsberg, arrived at Singapore on June 24th, and will proceed to Manila.

In the Suez Canal.

Special to The News

London, June 27.—A dispatch from Port Said says Admiral Camara's fleet has started through the Suez Canal.

Not at Port Said.

Special to The News:

Port Said, June 27.—On an application from the United States consul orders have been issued forbidding the Spanish fleet from coaling here until further orders.

Maj. Bell a Veteran.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Maj. James M. Bell of the Frst regular cavalry, who was wounded at Santiago, is a veteran of the civil war. He enlisted as first lieutenant of the 86th Ohio infantry in June 1862, and served until the close of the war, coming out as a captain. He went into the army July 28, 1866, as second lieutenant, and went up the grades until he was appointed major of the First cavalry May 23, 1896.

The Amount of Canal Dues.

LONDON, June 27.—The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Mail says: Camara's squadron will occupy two days in traversing the Suez canal. The canal dues will amount to £52,000 ($260,000). It is asserted that some liners have been detailed to provision the fleet on the way out.

The Notorious Woman in Black.

MORRISTOWN, Pa., June 27.—Lizzie Dekalb, the notorious "woman in black," Saturday pleaded guilty to the charge of being accessory after the fact, in connection with the murder of Mrs. Emma P. Kaiser, and was sentenced to two years in jail by Judge Wood.

Clifton Hotel Burned.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., June 27.—The Clifton hotel, in Clifton, Ont., on the opposite side of Niagara river, was destroyed by fire Sunday, the estimated loss being $100,000. The 85 guests and the employes of the hotel escaped uninjured. Among the guests was a large party from Indianapolis. Mayor Taggart, of that city, was one of them.

TROOPS HAVE NOT ARRIVED

But No Change in the Situation at Manila—Papers Appeal to Natives.

Special to The News.

Hong Kong, June 27.—Advices of June 23d report the non-arrival of American troops sent to reinforce Dewey and no changes in the situation. The Spaniards are constructing fortifications and planting sharpened bamboo to prevent the advance of the insurgents. Papers continue to appeal to the natives to come to the assistance of Spain.

WILL MOVE HEADQUARTERS.

General Shafter Not Satisfied With Baiquiri As a Landing Place.

Special to The News.

Kingston, June 27.—Gen. Shafter expects to move his headquarters from Baiquiri to Juragua this evening. Transports are rapidly landing the remaining supplies and ammunition. Four light batteries of artillery started to Juragua. The road is impracticable to seige guns, and landing facilities are inadequate.

SPANISH COAST

To be Bombarded by the Fleet of Commodore Watson.

Shafter Says Operations Progressing Slowly—London Comment.

Special to The News.

Washington, June 27.—The navy department, at 11:15 this morning, posted the following bulletin: "Commodore Watson sails today in the Newark to join Admiral Sampson, when he will take under his command an armored squadron with cruisers and proceed at once off the Spanish coast."

Progressing Slowly.

Special to the News.

New York, June 27.—The World has this from Playa del Este, Cuba, dated today: "In answer to your inquiry as to our progress, would say operations here are extremely difficult, but we hope to get straightened out soon. SHAFTER."

Condemn But Praise.

Special to The News:

London, June 27.—Afternoon papers condemn the tactics which permitted the United States cavalry in Cuba to be sacrificed, but praise their bravery.

To Be Investigated.

Special to The News.

Washington, June 27.—Chairman Hull, of the house committee on military affairs, says an investigation is being made of the battle in which the Rough Riders lost their lives. He thinks it a case of thoughtless recklessness and probable disobedience of orders.

INTO A TRAP.

Only Stubborn Fighting and American Grit Saved Gen. Young's Command From Annihilation or Capture.

JURAGUA, Cuba, June 25, via Kingston, Jamaica, June 27.—The initial fight of Col. Wood's rough riders and the troopers of the 1st and 10th regular cavalry will be known in history as the battle of La Quasina. That it did not end in the complete slaughter of the Americans was not due to any miscalculation in the plan of the Spaniards, for as perfect an ambuscade as was ever formed in the brain of an Apache Indian, was prepared and Lieut. Col. Roosevelt and his men walked squarely into it. For an hour and a half they held their ground under a perfect storm of bullets from the front and sides, and then Col. Wood at the right and Lieut. Col. Roosevelt at the left led a charge which turned the tide of battle and sent the enemy flying over the hills toward Santiago.

It is now definitely known that 16 men on the American side were killed, while 60 were wounded or are reported to be missing.

May Attempt a Dictatorship.

LONDON, June 27.—The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says: "The latest advices from Madrid indicate that there is ground for the apprehension that Marshal Martinez de Campos will soon issue a pronunciamento and attempt a dictatorship."

Father and Son Drowned.

ST. LOUIS, June 27.—Dr. Louis Jacob and his son Daniel, 18 years old, both dentists of this city, were drowned Sunday at Creve Cœur lake by the overturning of their boat. Two other men who were rescued had a narrow escape from death.

SHORT DISTANCE

Separates the American and Spanish Armies in Cuba.

PICKET LINES IN HAILING DISTANCE.

Gen. Shafter is Well Pleased With the Progress Made in the Santiago Campaign.

Gen. Wheeler Places the Number of Killed in the Battle of Sevilla at 22 and Wounded Between 70 and 80—Spanish Loss Heavier.

Special to The News.

OFF JURAGUA, via Kingston, Jamaica, June 27.—Troops of the United States and Spain are almost face to face and less than four miles apart.

To-night the picket lines at certain points are within hailing distance of the enemy. It seems certain that the battle of Santiago must come within a week.

The troops are all ashore here and at Baiquiri with the exception of a few scattered companies that have gone forward. The supplies are sufficient to enable the army to sustain a week's campaign at both landing points.

There is a continual procession of small boats riding onto the beach through the pounding surf and, as one week's rations are already landed, it is believed the required supplies will all be ashore by Tuesday, the 28th.

The landing of troops, horses and supplies has been extraordinary. With only one steam barge and compelled to depend on treacherous small boats, Gen. Shafter had landed over 16,000 men, hundreds of horses and mules and thousands of dollars' worth of supplies on the exposed beaches and only two men have lost their lives. No more than 50 animals have been drowned and scarcely a package of supplies has been lost.

The officers generally are surprised at the small loss of life and property. Gen. Shafter said Saturday:

"I am well satisfied with the progress that is being made. The disembarkation is slow, but considering the limited facilities and the exposed nature of the landing places, the men have done well. I only await the landing of sufficient supplies to begin the movement on Santiago. I am unable to say when it will take place. I am much pleased at the gallant conduct of our men in the action at Sevilla yesterday and with their cool and veteran-like work. The victory was complete."

Gen. Wheeler in his official report places the number of dead in the engagement at Sevilla as 22 and the wounded as between 70 and 80. No attempt has yet been made to prepare an official list with the names of the dead and wounded. The high grass and bushes of the battle ground make it difficult to find the bodies but an official list will probably be prepared by Monday.

The bodies of 39 Spaniards have been found and the Spanish loss in killed and wounded was doubtless much heavier than the American.

The majority of the American troops are now here or at the front in the vicinity of Sevilla. The force at the latter place, which is about nine miles from Santiago, numbers 6,000 Americans and 1,500 Cubans. Gen. Wheeler is in command there, with Gens. Young, Lawton and Chaffee. Gen. Wheeler will remain at Sevilla, which will be made a rendezvous for the troops landing at Baiquiri, and at this point, the artillery and cavalry being put forward from Baiquiri. The cavalry have been sent ahead to cut a wagon road through the underbrush.

From the American position at Sevilla, Santiago is plainly visible and the fortifications can be seen. The following reports to Gen. Shafter from generals at the front show the conditions:

To Gen. Shafter: "I have just seen two Negro boys who left Santiago this morning (Saturday). They report that the soldiers and citizens are very short of food. The soldiers and officers have seized all the food in the shops. They are killing young horses for food and in the hospitals are subsisting on bread made of rice flour.

"Three Spanish generals took part in the fight at Sevilla yesterday. Five wagon loads of wounded were carried into Santiago, and many others wounded got there on horses or afoot. We can see Morro castle and the flag very distinctly from our position. The Cubans confirm the reports as to the fine character of the fortifications around the city. Seven lines of barbed wire are stretched around the trenches. The Spaniards have recently dug deep trenches around the entire city, connecting a series of small forts.

"WHEELER."

(Dated Saturday afternoon.)

To Gen. Shafter:

"We can plainly see Santiago less than seven miles away. The country is level for six miles this side of the city, except for hills on the south, which extend to within a mile of Santiago. These hills appear deserted. The country is fairly open and it will not be difficult to move troops over it. Gen. Chaffee occupies Sevilla to-day.

"YOUNG."

(Dated Saturday evening.)

SPANISH RETREAT.

Two Brigades of American Troops Advance to Within Four Miles of Santiago de Cuba.

HEADQUARTERS OF GEN. CHAFFEE, two miles beyond Sevilla, June 26, via Port Antonio, Jamaica, June 27.—The American troops are now within four miles of Santiago de Cuba. Two brigades of Brig. Gen. Lawton's division in command of Gen. Chaffee and Col. R. H. Hall of the 2d Massachusetts volunteers, Saturday night and Sunday moved forward past the village of Sevilla, where the Spaniards were expected to make a stand, and occupied the hills to the right and left.

Two miles beyond, far out in front of the American forces and occupying the roads leading to Santiago, is a force of 1,500 Cubans under Gen. Carlos Gonzales. The entire Cuban army, under direction of Gen. Calixto Garcia, is massing for a co-operative attack on Santiago. Garcia, with 5,000 Cubans, is expected from the interior before nightfall, while from Acerraderos, 20 miles to the west of Santiago, 2,000 Cubans arrived Sunday.

There are no Spaniards in the entire country between Baiquiri, where most of the American troops were landed, and Santiago. The retreat of the enemy after Friday's battle apparently became a rout, which did not end until the fortifications around the city were reached. The transport Leona Sunday brought to Jaragua from Acerraderos nearly 2,000 insurgents, thoroughly armed and plentifully supplied with ammunition. They are part of the army of Gen. Garcia and have been sent to the front to join the insurgents already occupying the roads to Santiago.

OFFICIAL REPORT.

One Man Killed, Two Seriously and Six Slightly Wounded on the Texas Last Wednesday.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Last Wednesday, while the troops of Gen. Shafter's army were landing near Baiquiri, Cuba, Adm. Sampson, with the idea of diverting the attention of the Spaniards from the landing, made a demonstration with the battle ship Texas at Cabanas, about five miles east of Guantanamo. The Texas engaged the west battery of Cabanas for several hours. During the engagement a shell from the battery struck the Texas and, bursting, killed one man and injured several others. Sunday night the navy department received this dispatch from Adm. Sampson:

PLAYA DEL ESTE, June 26.—The following is a list of casualties on the Texas, June 22: Killed—Apprentice Frank J. Blakely.

Seriously Wounded—Apprentice Raymond Russell, George Francis Mullin.

Slightly Wounded—Seaman Rudolph Earl Engel, Seaman Hugh Amos Lee, Landsman John Emory Lively, Coxswain John J. Simonson, Apprentice John Edward Nelson, Seaman Avoid Sjogvist.

REINFORCEMENTS.

The Auxiliary Cruiser Harvard Sails From Newport News With Troops for Gen. Shafter's Army.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., June 27.—The auxiliary cruiser Harvard sailed at 2 o'clock Sunday for Santiago with the 9th Massachusetts regiment and two battalions of the 34th Michigan. Thousands of people gathered along the river shore and gave vent to patriotic ardor by continued cheering as the stately cruiser moved slowly down the stream. The cheers were answered with enthusiasm by the troops, who crowded the side of the vessel and caused her to list sharply on account of the unequal distribution of weight.

The 9th Massachusetts regiment is in command of Col. Fred B. Bogan and the 2d and 3d battalions of the 34th Michigan are commanded by Col. J. P. Peterman.

The repair ship Vulcan followed the Harvard to sea.

TROY, N. Y., June 27.—Sergt. Marcus D. Russell, who fell at the battle of La Quasina, was born in this city 32 years ago. He was graduated from St. John's military academy, Sing Sing, and while there was an intimate friend of Col. William Astor Chanler. He was a member of a firm of wholesale dealers in oils, paints and glass in this city.

Sailors to Fill Vacancies.

KEY WEST, Fla., June 27.—Two hundred sailors arrived here Sunday night by steamer from Tampa to fill vacancies on the station.

NAVY IS WAITING

Sampson's Fleet Lies Patiently in Front of Morro.

THEY AWAIT THEIR OPPORTUNITY.

Before the End of This Week Fate of Santiago and of Cervera Should Be Decided.

It is the Opinion Among Naval Experts That the City of Santiago Will Be Burned by the Spanish Troops Before They Surrender.

Special to The News:

OFF SANTIAGO DE CUBA, June 25, via Kingston, Jamaica, June 27.—While the army advances the main portion of the fleet lies patiently in front of Morro castle awaiting its opportunity. Before the end of next week the fate of Santiago and Adm. Cervera should be decided.

By that time it is believed, the Spanish troops will have been forced back upon the city and defeated in a decisive engagement. Simultaneously the forts at the mouth of the harbor should be captured, under cover of a naval bombardment.

Three things will then be left to Cervera—to surrender with his ships, to surrender after destroying his ships, or to make a dash out to sure destruction. He may forestall fate by making an attempt to get out of the harbor before the army accomplishes its end. The first Spanish ship to appear off Morro Castle would be sunk within 15 minutes. Nothing in Adm. Cervera's fleet could survive the concentrated fire of all the battle ships in the navy and three of the best cruisers.

The general opinion among naval experts is that Santiago town will be burned by the Spanish troops before they surrender, that Adm. Cervera will destroy his ships and that he will then submit to the enemy. If this supposition is correct the whole work should be accomplished in a week. It is hardly likely that the army can effect its purpose without considerable loss, although its superiority in numbers, caliber and generalship insures an ultimate sweeping victory.

There is every possibility that the Spanish troops may surrender independently of Adm. Cervera. If the Spanish admiral should insist upon thus prolonging the agony he would be subjected to a fire from his own forts and the army siege guns. If these proved ineffective the harbor mouth would be dragged, the mines removed, Adm. Sampson's ships would enter and Adm. Cervera would be finished off.

When the Americans took Baiquiri they found a letter partly written in the house of the Spanish commandant. It was addressed to the Spanish commander at Santiago de Cuba, and had the tone of braggadocio. It read in part as follows:

"I am well fortified and prepared to resist all the forces the American pigs can bring against us."

Evidently at this point the American transports appeared and the boasting Spanish officer ran off, leaving the letter half written.

The Yankton arrived this morning from Norfolk. Two thousand Cubans were transported to-day from Accaraderos to Altares. They were taken off shore in pontoons, under the supervision of Gen. Ludlow, of the engineers. They belonged to Gen. Calixto Garcia's force and transporting them by water from the west to the east side of Santiago saved several days. It also saves unnecessary fighting. The Cubans will join the army's van. All the convoy ships except the battle ship Indiana, which is off the harbor, are coaling at Guantanamo.

This morning the Gloucester shelled a Spanish party that was working at the railroad trestle east of El Morro.

Going to Cuba as Nurses.

TAMPA, Fla., June 27.—Miss Annie Wheeler, Mrs. Maud Kissaim Babcock and Mrs. Liscomb, wife of Lieut. Col. Liscomb, of the 24th artillery, will leave here Tuesday night for Key West. From there they will go to the Cuban battle fields in the capacity of nurses. Miss Wheeler is a daughter of Gen. Wheeler and Mrs. Babcock's husband's is a sergeant in the 71st New York.

Soldiers Killed and Wounded in a Wreck.

PELO, Miss., June 27.—A railway accident occurred at this place at 2:40 Sunday afternoon in which four soldiers of Col. Torrey's regiment of rough riders lost their lives and others received fatal injuries. Everything was done to relieve the wounded by the local physicians and citizens who were soon upon the scene. The first section of the train stopped for water and the second section crashed into it.

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MISS ESTELLE REEL.

Bright Wyoming Woman Secures a Splendid Appointment.

Made Superintendent of Indian Schools by President McKinley—Her Qualifications for This Important Position.

Miss Estelle Reel, of Wyoming, who was appointed superintendent of Indian schools by President McKinley, has a personality and a career well calculated to give joy to the man or the woman who is hopeful for the future of the gentler sex. Miss Reel is the kind of a woman voter and a woman reformer to which the equal suffragist of either sex delights to point. Pretty, gentle, educated, broad-minded, progressive, she is possessed of a healthy egotism that stands up for its own rights, while it is never forgetful of the rights of others. The new Indian school superintendent is first of all able to amply fill this important government post. She is a Wyoming woman, and is therefore an advocate of equal suffrage. She is a practical and a theoretical politician who has been superintendent of instruction in her own state.

This enterprising and progressive woman is just 31 years old. She has lived in Wyoming nearly 12 years, and her influence has been felt in the politics of the state. It must be remembered that woman suffrage is no bizarre idea in the upland country where the breezes blow fresh and men are more honest than they are in the eastern cities and at low elevations. In Wyoming a woman is regarded as capable of being as sensible, as wise and as learned as a man. The idea of woman's equality may be said to be organic there. That is why Miss Reel is so widely admired and why she has so much influ-

MISS ESTELLE REEL.
(The New Superintendent of Indian Schools.)

ence. That fact, too, explains why the people of Wyoming have seriously considered Miss Reel for their governor. Two years ago she had a grand boom for nomination for governor of Wyoming. That is to say, her friends then laid plans for her nomination during the approaching fall. In 1896 Miss Reel was ineligible for the position of governor of Wyoming. The governor must be at least 30, and at that time Miss Reel was only 29. She has now the age qualification, and her friends believe she has all the other qualifications as well. But Miss Reel herself takes a sensible view of the matter. She disclaims the ability to manage the affairs of a state as the best man that Wyoming can find. She says that she does not desire to be the governor. According to her, the women of Wyoming, who poll half the vote of the state, by the way, will be satisfied with one of the six state offices for some time to come. That is the office of state superintendent of instruction.

Miss Reel prepared herself for the profession of an educator in the schools of Chicago, St. Louis and of Boston. She did no little work in that line in Chicago before going west to grow up with the country. She began her career in Cheyenne as a teacher in one of the public schools there, and her talent brought her rapidly to the top. She was promoted first to be the superintendent of instruction for Laramie county—the most important underposition of its kind in the state. For four years she filled that position admirably. Then she was made state superintendent, and now she is given the highly important post of superintendent of Indian schools. In her capacity as superintendent of instruction for Wyoming Miss Reel has held the ex-officio position of secretary of the state board of charities. The duties of this board are to conserve the state charitable and penal institutions. She has also served ex-officio as secretary of the state land board, which has charge of the grants of land made to the state by congress. Miss Reel has been very active in the matter of this land, and has fathered several plans for its utilization. As secretary and register of the board she has distributed several hundreds of thousands of dollars, received as rent from public lands, among the educational and charitable institutions of the state.

She has been the guiding life of the new Indian school superintendent. It is a certainty, says the Chicago Times-Herald, that those Indians will profit by contact with her active mind and her keen sense of duty. She will ... [illegible] ... and will never rest until the ... [illegible]

ICE CREAM CENTURIES AGO.

The Delicious Summer Confection First Manufactured in Italy—How It Originated.

Early June days generally see the ice cream and soda parlors doing a steadily increasing business. Ice cream is a much older sweetmeat than many persons suppose. In the beginning of the seventeenth century goblets made of ice and also iced fruit—that is, fruit frozen over — were first brought to table. The limonadiers, or lemonade sellers, of Paris, endeavored to increase the popularity of their wares by icing them, and one, more enterprising than the rest, an Italian named Procope Couteaux, in the year 1660, conceived the idea of converting such beverages entirely into ice, and about 20 years later iced liquors—that is, liquors changed into ice—were the principal things sold by the limonadiers. By the end of that century iced liquors were quite common in Paris.

Ice cream, or iced "butter," as it was first called, from its supposed resemblance to that substance, soon followed. It was first known in Paris in 1774. Duc de Chartres often went at that time to the Paris coffee-houses to drink a glass of iced liquor, and the landlord having one day presented him with his "arms" formed in edible ice, this kind of sweetmeat became the fashion. German cooks at once took up the new art. It was not long in reaching England, for in 1776 a French cook resident in London, named Clermont, wrote "The Modern Cook," in which sweet ices were first described for the instruction of English cooks. The ice cream of these days is an enormously elaborated sweetmeat compared with that of the olden time.

MAKING MONEY.

Unusual Chances in War Time, But Plenty of Opportunities All the Time.

"In war time," said a man of mature years, "there are always unusual chances that are taken advantage of by men of foresight to make money. This reminds me of what Josh Billings said, that 'if our foresight was as good as our hindsight we'd all be rich,' or words to that effect.

"At the outbreak of the civil war in this country there were long-headed men who stored away manufactured cotton goods, bleached and unbleached cottons, sheetings, and so on. As the war went on, what with the curtailment of production and the blockade of southern ports, the price of cotton scared skyward and manufactured cotton goods increased in value correspondingly. Most men peddled out their holdings as the price rose, but some held on and got for their goods six or eight times what they paid for them.

"There has been no such money as that made in this war yet, and I don't suppose there's likely to be, but it would be easy to pick out things that have risen greatly in value and that a man might easily have made a fortune on if he'd known what was going to happen. Suppose he'd have brought all the bunting there was, for instance, or taken a fall out of sulphur, or put away a few hundred cases of Spanish olives. He'd have found money in all these things and in various others. But then a man can find money in time of peace, too, if he knows how to look."

AMERICANS IN PARIS.

The Men Have Neither the Inclination Nor Opportunity for Long Visits.

A recent article in Le Figaro, of Paris, is devoted to the American colony in that city. It says that the colony has always played the important and brilliant role in society chiefly because most of the Americans were "Americaines." "It is certain," continues Le Figaro, "that out of ten 'Americaines' residing in Paris there is but one American. Affairs—'business,' as they say over there—absorbs the sterner sex in the United States. In that country the men have neither the inclination nor the opportunity for much leisure, and only pay us very short visits.

"While their wives install themselves here the 'good' husband only makes flying visits, and is very seldom referred to in the elegant salons of the wives." The writer continues: "I was at an official ball not long ago, where one of them was the hero of a curious 'histoire.' He wrote on the lapel of his coat a brilliant star, which struck me as original and somewhat curious in form. Although very artistic, the order was unknown to me. Some indiscreet person interrogated the Yankee as to what order it was. The Yankee replied, in a phlegmatic tone: 'It is my own composition.'"

Troubles from a Lucky Grave Site.

When the former minister of law, Chu Pyeng-sik, was governor of Chung-chong province he was told by a geomancer that the site of one O Hen-koan's house was the luckiest spot for a grave. Gov. Chu asked O to give him that site, but the latter refused. Then the governor charged his ... [illegible] ... In the ... [illegible]

THEORY OF SUNSTROKE.

An Infectious Disease—Is Not Due to Heat or to Exposure to the Sun.

Dr. Sambon adopts what to many will be a startling theory to explain the action of sunstroke, says the Los Angeles Times. He regards this affection as not due to excessive heat or exposure to the sun, but to an infectious disease caused by a specific organism. He attests the fact that strokers, oven cleaners, miners and iron workers are exposed to temperatures higher than those of any known climate without ever contracting the malady, and that the Assam tea planters and the closely shaven Chinese, although constantly working in the hottest sun, are equally exempt.

Dr. Sambon, discussing the geographical distribution of the disease, goes on to prove that the areas in which it is epidemic are strictly defined. While unknown in Europe, it is common in the low-lying regions of the eastern United States between the Appalachians and the Atlantic. It extends along the Nile sea, the Red sea and the Persian gulf. It prevails in the Indo-Gangetic alluvial plain, but not on the adjacent Indian highlands. In support of his infection theory Dr. Sambon refers to the occurrence of epidemics which have frequently decimated hospital wards and not affected men exposed to greater heat and sun. The demonstration of the organic origin of the malady rests on its distribution etiology, morbid anatomy and epidemic character. The specific organism has not been detected, but Dr. Sambon's investigations incline him to the belief that it lives in the superficial layers of the soil, and is conveyed to the lungs or alimentary canal by dust.

GOLF AND ITS ETIQUETTE.

There Are Many Little Actions Considered Bad Form When Playing the Game.

As in cycling, so in golf, is etiquette most important. The observance of it does much to make or mar not only the pleasure but the success of the game. The woman contemplating joining a golf club has not only to master the 54 rules of the game, but she has its etiquette to learn and to put into practice. If she aims to be a popular member of her club she will do well to remember: That it is better to be seen and not heard on the golf links when a game is in progress, good driving requiring absolute concentration of mind. That a woman who chatters incessantly, and is especially communicative just when a critical drive is about to be made, is not the most desirable of partners. That standing so that a shadow falls upon your partner's ball is not only impolite but detrimental to the success of your partner's play. That standing on the putting-green, after you have "holed out," whether it is to gaze at the scenery or write down your score, will exasperate the best friend on earth, if he or she happens to be playing behind you. That to play first, and to shout "fore" afterward is apt to add insult to injury: "fore" is called as a warning that a "drive" is about to be made, it is not an expression of consolation after one has been hit.

WHERE TWILIGHT LASTS LONG

Skaguay Now Has Barely Five Hours of Darkness Out of Twenty-Four.

"Now is a good time for people who love long hours of daylight to sojourn for awhile at Skaguay," said R. E. Lyle, of Seattle, to a Washington Post man.

"It doesn't begin to grow dark up there till 9:30 in the evening, and dawn comes about 2:30 a. m. Five hours of darkness and 19 hours of light make a rather queer day to folks who are used to a more equal division of the two. To see people up and working at an hour when citizens in the states are peacefully snoring the hours away struck me as a very novel sight. I don't mean to say that everybody gets up early in Skaguay. In fact, I suppose that on the average people there sleep just as many hours as they do anywhere else.

"It is a hustling little town, and every man in it believes it is going to be the metropolis of Alaska. They will tell you that when they get a railroad built into the interior of the country Skaguay will be to the territory what New York is to the east and San Francisco is to the Pacific coast. They have a daily paper, a steam-heated theater, a brewery, and nearly all other conveniences of modern life."

WANTED TO 'NLIST.

Didn't Care Whether It Was in the Cavalry or 'Nfantry, But Wanted to Wear "Yaller Stripes."

A company of officers were seated in the tent of Capt. Craig, the provost marshal general of Camp Thomas, when four dilapidated colored youths presented themselves. Their make-up would have been their fortune in a variety theater. Suppressing a disposition to laugh, the captain gravely asked what he could do for them. A consultation elicited the information that they had come to 'nlist."

"All right," laughed the captain. "I'm not a recruiting officer, but maybe I can help you. Do you want to go into the infantry or the cavalry?"

... [illegible] ... "I dear ... [illegible] ... what you mean, sah," he ...

"... [illegible] ... want to march on foot ... [illegible]

BULLFIGHT BOMBAST.

Spanish Toreadors Are Not Unlike Her Statesmen in Claiming Victories.

"These constant 'victories' won by our friend, the enemy," remarked the man who had seen Spain to a reporter for the New York Sun, "remind me of the Herculean labors performed for public amusement in the bull ring at Madrid.

"The chief toreador comes out, stalks about the arena, swings his bright-colored draperies, and finally, halting before the royal inclosure, puffs up his chest and pounds upon his manly bosom with clenched fist.

"'Oh! mighty and magnificent potentate,' he calls, 'do but cast down the key, that I may go and drag from his lair the furious beast!'

"Then, with great strides, he passes to a gate, unlocks and opens it. Out comes a puny, measly, bloodless little bull calf, that has been kept half starved in a darkened pen to prepare it for the prowess of the fighter. Attendants goad the poor, frightened creature through the usual spectacular performance. When the 'furious beast' ought to die, the toreador slaughters it, and quickly its emaciated body is dragged away.

"'Behold, oh, majestic monarch,' shouts the fighter. 'I have triumphed over the savage foe of man: I have brought to dust the raging beast, as I will bring all of its kind forever.'

"Then he parades himself around, while the crowd goes wild with delight. I tell you, it's a grandiloquent vocabulary that keeps things a-going in Spain. At word-painting the Dons are artists."

CATS AS BEER TESTERS.

Malt Substitutes Tried on Patient Felines to Determine Their Injurious Qualities.

In considering whether corn and other substitutes used in the place of malt in the manufacture of beer were directly injurious to health, Philip Schidrowitz, appearing as an expert before the beer materials' committee of the house of commons, said he had examined the effects of residues of brewing sugars, and the residues of all malt beers on cats. In some of the cases where residues of brewing sugars were administered to cats, either actual vomiting or retching was caused within from half an hour to an hour, and in two cases slight ataxia was produced.

Seven experiments were conducted with the residues of all-malt beers, the cats having been from 18 to 20 hours without food. The substances were introduced into the stomach in the afternoon of one day, and the next morning all the cats were found to be quite normal, no symptoms of any kind having been observed.

The cat was chosen for these experiments for two reasons, says the St. Louis Republic. First, because it is a carnivorous animal, and, secondly, because it is extremely resistant, the latter characteristics rendering it probable that the effects following the administration of the residues were nominal and not maximal. He thought that further investigation in this direction was necessary.

SUMMER IN COLORADO.

Special Tourist Tickets via Pennsylvania Lines.

Colorado is particularly inviting as a summer haven. The climate is remarkable for its invigorating effect, and the state is rich in grand scenery and points of interest where a vacation may be pleasantly spent. Special arrangements are being made for the entertainment of visitors who are this season expected to be attracted to the seclusion and quiet of the Rockies and the hills and canyons of that great wonderland.

Colorado today is nearer home than in former years. The fast schedules of the Pennsylvania route and connecting lines bring the Centennial State within easy reach, and the cost of a trip thither is no longer a luxury. The special low rate tourist tickets over the Pennsylvania Lines places the cost for transportation within the limit of the usual allowance for vacation trips. For special information about rates, time of trains and other details please apply to nearest Pennsylvania Lines ticket agent or address C. L. Kimball, A. G. P. Agt., Cleveland, O.

TO MICHIGAN.

New Through Connection Via Fort Wayne.

After June 20th, 1898, Train No. 9 over the Fort Wayne Route leaving Lima at 2:50 p. m. will connect at Fort Wayne daily during the season with a special summer train running via Grand Rapids & Indiana railway, and arriving Kendallville 5:30 p. m., Sturgis 6:35 p. m., Kalamazoo 8:15 p. m., Grand Rapids 9:15 p. m., Petoskey 5:50 a. m., and Mackinaw City 8:00 a. m. The new arrangement will enable persons destined for points in southern, central, western and northern Michigan to go through in quick time, requiring only one change at Fort Wayne Union Station, where passengers merely pass from one train to the other without any discomfort or inconvenience whatever. For special information about the new through connection, reduced rate Tourist Tickets to Michigan points, and other details, please apply to Ticket Agent ... [illegible]

Professional and Business Cards

HOTELS.

Brunt's Florentine Hotel, opposite C., H. & D. depot. Hotel and Restaurant. Popular prices. 25 elegantly furnished rooms.

The New Cambridge, opp. P. Ft. W. & C., C. H. & D., L. E. & W. and Lima Northern stations. A. S. Manhart, Prop. Popular prices.

The Harrod, E. Market street, Lima, Ohio. Open all hours. Rates, $2. Steam heat and electric lights. J. W. R. Attleberger, Propr.

INSURANCE.

O. F. Kemmer & Co., General Insurance Agents, room 1 Wise Block, Lima, O.

LIVERY AND TRANSFER.

J. C. Musser, Livery, Hack and Transfer line, No. 13 southwest corner Public Square. Telephone 47, both lines.

DENTISTS.

Dr. McIndoe fills teeth painlessly by electricity. Both 'phones. Cincinnati Block.

PIANO TEACHERS.

Lynn B. Dunn, Teacher of Piano and Theory. Studio, rooms 11 and 12, over City Book Store.

PIANO TUNERS.

C. F. Woolery, tuner and repairer of pianos. Satisfaction guaranteed. 223 North Main.

Five hundred stoves wanted to store by the City Truck and Storage House. Household goods moved. E. Stickney, 436 S. Main street. New 'phone 306.

TAILORS.

Amos Brown, Merchant Tailor. Kendall Block. You know the rest.

Joseph Bletzacker, Merchant Tailor, rooms 8 and 9 Satterthwaite block, for your spring suit or trousers.

J. W. McDonald, the Tailor. Telephone for Contatorium. No. 106 N. Main street.

Call on the Lima Ice & Coal Company for Pure Spring Water Ice. 'Phones 104 or 451.

UPHOLSTERING

Neatly done by John Reuthe, at 113 East North Street, Lima, Ohio.

WATCHMAKER.

Chas. Tucker, Watchmaker. Watches Clocks and Jewelry repaired. No. 111 East High, opp. Hoover Bros.

BANKS.

The Commercial Bank, Samuel A. Baxter & Sons, Lima, Ohio. Bonds, Mortgages, Investments, General Banking.

CHEAP CASH GROCERY.

We have a nice stock of staple and fancy groceries at lowest prices. Country produce a specialty. Give us a call. Tabler & Zimmerman, 201 South Main street. 'Phone 19.

DAIRY STATIONS.

J. H. Berryman, dairy products of all kinds. Free delivery. New 'Phone 155. 109 West Market street.

Milk Station and Country Produce. Everything freshest and best. Lowest cash prices guaranteed. Good country butter a specialty. H. S. Tidd, 208 East North St. 2-11m2

EAT BOWERS' BREAD.

It is always the best. It needs no false claims to attract attention to it.

EYE, EAR AND THROAT SURGEONS.

Dr. A. F. Kniseley, Eye, Ear and Throat Surgeon, rooms 3 and 4, Cincinnati Block, Lima, Ohio. Bell Telephone 452. No charge for examination.

FLORIST.

Mrs. E. E. Rogers, Florist. Designing a specialty. Fresh-Cut Flowers daily. 'Phone 106. 101 West Market street, Lima, O.

FURNITURE, ETC., WANTED.

Highest prices paid for second hand furniture, carpets, stoves, watches and jewelry and cast-off Gents' clothing. Bargains in second hand goods and safes at 128 east Market St. Give me a call and be convinced. A. R. Atkinson

HATTERS.

Geo. R. Christia, manufacturer and refinisher of Men's Hats. Silk Hats remodeled. Silk and Stiff Hats to order. 127 E. High st

OLD RELIABLE MUSICAL REPAIRER.

All kinds of musical instruments repaired and tuned, and work guaranteed. Filling violin bows a specialty. C. W. Vogle, 100 E North St.

THE HOME
RESTAURANT
134 W. HIGH ST.
Opposite Post Office.
The Best 15 Cent Meal in the City.
SUNDAY DINNERS
A SPECIALTY.

NEW YORK
Umbrella Hospital
Re-Covering and Repairing. New Umbrellas and Parasols made to order on short notice. Walking Canes Re-Ferruled. Work guaranteed or money refunded. Baby Carriage Parasols a specialty. Baby Cabs retired. Drop a postal and we will call. Goods delivered free of charge.
F. J. SHAVELIA & CO.
Northeast Corner Public Square Lima O.

Dr. and Mrs. Dr. Murphy,
Physician and Accoucheurs.
Devote special attention to family practice and to the ladies during the lying-in. Confinement charges ... including attendance during the usual nine days. Calls promptly attended day and night. Office and Residence, 3?? North Main street. Bell Telephone 267.

LAMISON & THRIFT,
ATTORNEYS
And Counsellors-at-Law. Rooms 21, ... and 23 Metropolitan Block ... [illegible]

LOCAL TIME CARD.

C., H. & D. R. R.

In effect Nov. 28, 1897, at 4:45 o'clock a. m.

No.	SOUTH.	
7	arrives daily	2:27 a m
7	leaves "	2:32 a m
11	" " except Sunday	5:45 a m
1	arrives " " "	9:15 a m
1	leaves " " "	9:41 a m
5	arrives "	12:20 p m
5	leaves "	12:35 p m
3	arrives "	4:00 p m
3	leaves "	4:05 p m
13	arrives " except Sunday	9:25 p m
61	Sunday only, leaves	7:48 a m
	NORTH.	
2	arrives daily, except Sunday	8:20 a m
2	leaves " " "	8:25 a m
14	leaves " " "	5:55 a m
6	arrives "	12:35 p m
6	leaves "	12:40 p m
4	arrives " except Sunday	4:28 p m
4	leaves " " "	4:33 p m
10	arrives "	9:50 p m
12	arrives "	1:25 a m
12	leaves "	1:35 a m
60	Sunday only, arrives	7:40 a m
61	" " leaves	7:48 a m
62	" " arrives	10:20 p m

P., Ft. W. & C. R. R

New Time Card, taking Effect June 26, 1898.

No.	EAST FROM LIMA.	
4.	Daily	7:35 a m
6.	Daily	8:30 a m
26.	Daily except Sunday	11:25 a m
20.	Daily except Sunday	3:15 p m
8.	Daily	9:30 p m
2.	Daily	10:50 p m
	WEST FROM LIMA	
15.	Daily	2:05 a m
5.	Daily	3:23 a m
25.	Daily except Sunday	9:50 a m
9.	Daily	2:50 p m
35.	Daily except Sunday	6:10 p m

L. E. & W. R. R.

In effect Sept. 5, 1897

No.	WEST.	
1	arrives	9:40 a m
1	depart	9:50 a m
3	arrives	2:25 a m
3	depart	2:45 a m
5	arrives	4:45 p m
129	Minster accommodat'n, leaves	4:50 p m
	EAST.	
6	leaves	7:20 a m
4	arrives	1:25 p m
4	leaves	1:45 p m
2	arrives	7:15 p m
2	leaves	7:30 p m
128	Minster accommoda'n, arrives	8:10 p m

D. & L. N. R. R.

No.	GOING NORTH.	
6	Vestibuled express, daily ex. Sun.	11:30 a.m
2	Daily	6:15 a.m
8	leaves daily, Napoleon and Bellefontaine accommodation	6:48 p.m
	GOING SOUTH.	
8	leaves daily, Napoleon and Bellefontaine accommodation	7:45 a.m
1	Daily ex. Sunday	1:22 p.m
3	Express, daily ex. Sunday	7:15 p.m
7	Sunday only	12:20 a m

ERIE R. R.

In effect June 26, 1898.

No.	WEST.	DEPART
5	Vestibule limited, daily for Chicago and the West	11:23 a m
3	Pacific express, daily for Chicago and the West	1:12 a m
1	Express, daily except Sunday, for Chicago and the West	9:10 a m
31	Local freight, daily ex. Sunday	7:00 a m
13	Wells-Fargo lim'd express, daily except Monday	4:59 p m
	EAST.	
8	Vestibule limited, daily for New York and Boston	9:02 p m
2	Express, daily except Sunday	8:21 p m
12	Express, daily for New York	3:41 a m
32	Local freight, daily ex. Sunday	7:00 a m

OHIO SOUTHERN R. R.

In effect May 23, 1898.

TRAINS SOUTH.	TRAINS NORTH.
No. 1 leaves 5:45 a m	No. 2 arrives 11:05 a m
No. 3 leaves 8:30 p m	No. 4 arrives 9:50 p m

Trains Nos. 1 and 3, leaving Lima at 5:45 a. m. and 3:30 p. m., make direct connections for all points south and southeast. Baggage checked through from any residence in Lima to any point on or reached via the Ohio Southern. For further information as to rates, etc., call up city office, 75 Public Square. Telephone 69.

F. E. FISHER,
Gen. Pass. Agt. O. S. Lima, O.

FIVE HUNDRED STOVES . . . .
Wanted to Store by the
CITY TRUCK AND STORAGE HOUSE.
Household Goods Moved.
E. STICKNEY,
436 South Main Street.
New 'phone 306.

MRS. E. E. ROGERS,
FLORIST.
Designing a Specialty. Fresh-Cut Flowers Daily.
101 West Market Street, 'Phone 106. LIMA, O.

WE WASH BEFORE WE IRON!
A trial will convince you we know our business. Popular prices. Family Laundry a specialty. 'Phone two and the wagon will call.
THE NIAGARA STEAM LAUNDRY,
209 EAST HIGH STREET.

$100,000 TO LOAN.
We have a large amount of Money to Loan on Improved Real Estate (Farm or City) at 5 to 7 per cent. interest. Borrower can pay part or all of principal at any time. Interest stops on amount paid at that date; you pay interest on amount of principal you still have, no more. You are not compelled to pay any stipulated amount on principal monthly. No Building and Loan plan in ours. You will find our terms reasonable. When we tell you we can get you a loan you may depend upon getting it very soon. No delays or disappointments.
OUR MOTTO: "Get our terms and we will get your business." See us.
PHOENIX LOAN CO.,
Room 21 (Third Floor) Opera Block. Take Elevator.

MONEY TO LOAN
At the Very Lowest Rate of Interest and on Short Notice. We have a large amount of money to loan on long time, in sums of $500 and upwards, on city property and improved farm lands, with privilege of paying part or all at any interest paying day. Persons wishing Cheap Money on Easy Terms will find it will be to their interest to call.
City Property, Vacant Lots and Farms for sale on Small Payments.
C. H. FOLSOM,
Real Estate and Loan Broker,
Rooms Nos. 2 and 3 Holmes Block, Lima, O.

MONEY TO LOAN
AT 6 PER CENT. in sums of $300 up, on FARM LANDS AND CITY PROPERTY. Loans made for long time, with privilege of paying all, or part, at any interest day. LOANS MADE AT ONCE. Call on us when you want CHEAP money on EASY terms
LIMA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.
Rooms ... Metropolitan Block, LIMA, O.

MONEY TO LOAN
... [illegible] ...
... WALLACE & CO. ... LIMA, O.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WAIT

For Hours for Water--More Wells Demanded at Camp Thomas.

Ohio Soldiers Suffer From Thirst in the Hot Sun.

A dispatch from Chickamauga Park says a water famine of considerable proportion threatens the camp of the Second Ohio. There was already a constant demand upon the well, but the supply proved adequate. Now, however, since the addition of about 500 men the situation becomes serious.

Men stand in line from 30 minutes to three hours, waiting their turn to get a canteen filled, and details who are sent with buckets and kettles from the cook shanties take stools and reading matter along, not expecting to reach their turn

IN LESS THAN FOUR HOURS.

The agony the men endure from thirst, especially after coming in from a two hours' drill in the hot sun, can well be imagined. No censure can be placed upon the commanding officer of the regiment. The fault seems to be an inability to secure tools or labor fast enough to supply the demand for new wells.

It is plainly evident that something must be done soon, for the well will not withstand the terrible drain many days longer.

Why special pains should be taken to mention that the commanding officer of the regiment is in no wise to blame, is difficult to understand. Is it the Chaplain? If he is not, who is? Are the private soldiers, in whom it would be treason to speak of the matter, or complain? Are the line officers, whose well defined duties are with their immediate companies? Are the staff officers, who only occupy secondary positions? No more of this.

There is no legitimate excuse, apology or explanation for such a condition of things existing. Underlying the whole of Chickamauga Park is an abundance of pure, good water.

Within two miles of this camp is crawfish springs with volumes of water sufficient to supply New York city. Within a radius of fifteen miles of the home of the commander of the Second regiment are a thousand men with tools and equipment sufficient to, in 48 hours, punch that park so full of holes that it would look like a prairie dog town. They could lay pipe and place pumps in position at the springs and make a swimming pool of the camp of the Second regiment in six hours. All they need is an invitation to do it and it would be done. Yet no one is to be blamed that the gallant men of the Second Ohio are running around with their tongues lolling out like famished dogs for this lack of a sufficient supply of water. Of course the colonel of the Second Ohio does not need any water. He is a bold, brave man, and when he gets thirsty he goes out and kills a Spaniard and drinks his blood.

The farmer, the mechanic and the bicycle rider are liable to unexpected cuts and bruises. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is the best thing to keep on hand. It heals quickly, and is a well known cure for piles. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast cor. Main and North.

WHAT DO YOU WANT.

If you want help—a situation, have something to sell or rent, or if you wish to buy something, remember that a "want" in the NEWS costs much less than in any other paper and will bring you more answers than in all the other papers in the aggregate. If you want a girl, you are sure to find a good one through a "want" in THE NEWS. A lady had a want in the Times a week and got no girl. She placed it in THE NEWS, and before 8 p. m. had several applications and secured a first-class girl.

Chicago & Erie Fourth of July Excursion, July 2, 3 and 4.

Fare for above dates one fare for round trip to all points on various roads within 200 miles of selling stations. Good returning until July 5th inclusive. For time of trains, rates, etc., apply to F. C. McCoy, agent.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENNY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by that firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

In consequence of M. Peyrat's friends insisting that a radical socialist must be given one of the portfolios, M. Dupuy, M. Leygues and M. Lebon have declined to enter the cabinet and M. Peytral, therefore, has abandoned the task of forming a ministry.

The auxiliary cruiser Prairie, which has been at Tompkinsville since the Monitor, sailing and taking on ammunition and stores, has received orders detaching her from the North Atlantic station and directing her to proceed at full speed to Key West, leaving Monday.

ONE TELLS ANOTHER OF

Metellus Thomson's Special June Prices

And so the good news for every thrifty woman buyer is spreading. Why shouldn't it spread? Half and one-third price reductions on Summer Millinery, Wash Dress Goods and many articles of the brightest, winsomest wear for women that the markets afford—is enough to make people talk. There's reason for it with values like these:

TRIMMED HATS

—AT—

ONE-HALF PRICE.

You couldn't get a more pleasing return for $2.50 than one of our beautifully Trimmed Hats. Their actual worth is $5.00. Prove it by looking around before you come here. Trimmers of taste who know how to put style and originality on a hat, have made Thomson's Hats justly famous. All our Trimmed Hats are marked at just half original prices, owing to our half yearly hat sale.

Ribbon Sale.

38 and 48c Ribbons at 25c.
50 and 65c Ribbons at 38c.

That's a snug little saving at a time when Ribbons are "all the go." A beautiful whimsie of fashion is ribbon wearing—economically followed if Ribbons are bought here. To-day's special mention are wide Sash Ribbons, rich all silk Taffeta, Moire and Fancies.

THE

METELLUS THOMSON

DRY GOODS CO.

Stores, 233 and 235 North Main Street.

15 CENT

Silk Stripe Ginghams

At 8 Cents.

Pink with blue silk stripes; blue, with red; Pink, with old gold; and tan, with light blue silk stripes.

12 1-2 and 10c Percales at 5c.

One yard wide, all sorts of styles, light and dark effects, neat and large designs.

10c Lawns 5c.

30 inches wide, white, black and colored printings in choice colors and patterns.

Silks Reduced in Price.

Beautiful weaves, pretty goods. We have selected from our Silk Department one large lot of Silks. The prices of these goods we have reduced as follows;

50 cent Silks to 35c.
75 cent Silks to 50c.
$1.00 Silks to 75c
$1.25 Silks to 85c.
$1.50 Silks to $1.00.

$1.00 Ladies' Bicycle Leggings for 69c. Made in various styles.

THE

METELLUS THOMSON

DRY GOODS CO.

Stores, 233 and 235 North Main Street.

Ladies' Summer Suits and Dress Skirts.

The choicest and hansomest styles in all the new summer fabrics, made and trimmed in the best manner, making as fine a collection of Duck and Pique Suits and Skirts as were ever made.

Linen Skirts trimmed in braid.

White Pique Skirts with numerous rows of blue braid trimming.

Duck Skirts trimmed in red, blue and white braids; jaunty and stylish. Prices $1.38, $1.50, $2.98 and $3.48.

The Duck Suits for $3.98.

Duck Suits in Yale and Navy Blue, Red, etc., handsomely trimmed in white braid.

For $5.00, A White Pique Suit.

Wide welt, stylishly trimmed in blue corduroy.

Every garment sold in our Cloak Department, Suits, Skirts or Waists, are made to fit. A lady tailor is in constant attendance in this department and all alterations are made for our customers free of charge.

THE

METELLUS THOMSON

DRY GOODS CO.

Stores, 233 and 235 North Main Street.

Kid Gloves Cleaned.

Our customers' Kid Gloves cleaned free of charge. All Kid Gloves sold by our glove department will be cleaned and made to look like new—without charge—by presenting them at our glove counter.

$10 Jackets for $6.00.

Cool evenings, a street car ride, trip to the park or drive necessitates an outer garment. Summer Jackets, nicely lined throughout with plain or fancy silks, freshly new, made from the finest quality of Light Tans, Green, Brown and new Blue shades at a marked saving in price—$6.00 for choice.

Thomson's Artists

Will reproduce for in Water Colors, Pastel, Crayon or Oil, a miniature, large or life sized picture of any photo or likeness that you wish reproduced. A rare chance to brighten your homes with the faces of Lima's soldier boys who have gone to the front.

The Metellus Thomson

DRY GOODS CO.,

Stares, 233 and 235 North Main Street, Lima, Ohio.

LABOR LORE.

"Honor to Whom," Etc.

The report of the flag raising at the Lima Locomotive and Machine Works last week, published in the other two publications of the city, was either a malicious falsehood or an ignorant blunder. The two papers stated that "the employes were presented with an American flag by Mrs. Ira Carnes, for which they felt very grateful," etc. The lady mentioned had nothing whatever to do with the purchase or presentation of the flag raised by the patriotic boys of the shops. They, the employes, subscribed every cent from their earnings that went toward the expense of getting and putting the flag in place. THE NEWS labor editor does not for a moment doubt the loyalty and patriotism of Mrs. Carnes and is certain to state that if the lady was solicited for her contribution for such a cause it would be very readily given. But we believe in giving credit to where credit is due, be it employer or employe.

Notes.

The Lima Federal Union has among its membership such prominent characters as George Washington and Jesse James.

The Tailors' Union will hold forth at Trades Council hall tonight. Let every member be present. Very important business in officers' hands to bring before the union.

The Horseshoers' published scale of prices will be out early the present week. There is very little difference between the prices and what have always been in vogue by the shop owners. The object for the published scale is that each member of the Horseshoers' Union will have a uniform price for all work done in any blacksmithing establishment within the jurisdiction of the union.

M. L. Yocum, Cameron, Pa., says "I was a sufferer for ten years, trying most all kinds of pile remedies, but without success. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve was recommendedll to me. I used one box. It has effected a permanent cure." As a permanent cure for piles DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve has no equal. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast cor. Main and North.

4th of July Excursion via Pennsylvania Lines.

July 2d, 3d and 4th excursion tickets at one fare for the round trip, will be sold account 4th of July festivities via Pennsylvania lines, return coupons good until Tuesday, July 5th, inclusive.

Don't fail to read the want ads. in THE NEWS. You will find something there of interest to you.

DRUGGISTS PAY TAX.

All Proprietary Articles Must be Stamped Under the New Law.

The druggists of this and other cities have a big kick coming on the new revenue taxes. There is probably no other business that will feel the effect of the war tax as much as the druggist's business.

Beginning July 1, every proprietary and package article will have to bear a stamp. The stamps vary in denomination from 1-8 cent for 5-cent articles up to 2 1-2 cents for $1 articles. This applies mainly to patent medicines, but many other preparations will also have to be stamped. Even chewing gum will require a stamp on every 5-cent package.

Every article now in stock will have to be stamped by the local dealer, but all new goods will receive the necessary stamps at the manufacturer's hands. However, they have advanced the price in anticipation of the cost of the stamps so that the retail dealers will have to pay for it. At the same time they can get no advance in the retail price, as most of the goods are standard articles, with a fixed price.

Dr. P. H. Brooks has returned to Lima in pretty good health. He will be pleased to see his old friends. Office in the Faurot block, fourth flat. Come up on elevator. ju 13-1m

THE NEWS receives a telegraph service far superior to any other Lima paper.

INTERESTING NEWS ITEMS.

The United States steamship Bennington arrived at San Francisco Sunday night. The Bennington left Honolulu on June 16.

A dispatch from Alexandria, Egypt, states that the Spanish squadron, with transports, has arrived at Port Said. Port Said is at the Mediterranean entrance of the Suez canal.

The ram Katahdin left Provincetown, Mass., Sunday for Hampton Roads. She was followed by the cruiser San Francisco, bound for Key West. The collier Southery accompanied the latter.

When the mustering in of new organizations under the second call is completed the volunteer army will include between 5000 and 10,000 Negro soldiers, and more Negro officers than ever before were in the service of the United States.

News has reached San Francisco from Honolulu that opium is being smuggled on a large scale from Victoria, B. C., to the Hawaiian islands. It is said that the men engaged in the business ply the schooners Henrietta, Lena L. and Salvador.

The Kingston correspondent of the London Times says: "A lady telegraphs from Santiago de Cuba that she is unable to obtain permission from the Spanish authorities to allow a vessel to go there from Jamaica to take away her family and others."

The Madrid correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph says: "Senor Sagasta Sunday said: "The rumors about peace negotiations and the conditions for ending hostilities are utterly groundless. The time has not arrived for speaking of peace."

First Lieut. George L. Byran, of the First cavalry, who was wounded at the battle of Santiago, was for four years and until about a year ago, military adviser on the staff of the governor of Colorado. His wife and little son are now residing in Denver, Col.

Capt. Turner, of the steamship Maylands, which arrived at New York from Algiers, with a cargo of sulphur, reports that on June 11, four days after he had cleared from Algiers, he sighted a Spanish bark-rigged warship with all sails set. The latter for several hours chased the Maylands but the merchantman being the fleetest made its escape.

Nothing of importance is likely to come before the house this week. Conference reports upon the sundry civil, Indian and District of Columbia appropriation bills probably will be submitted, and the conference report upon the bankruptcy measure, which the senate has adopted, will be considered. Its adoption by the house is apparently assured.

THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, June 25.

FLOUR—Spring fancy, $4.65@4.85; family, $4.15@4.35; spring patent, $5.15@5.60; winter patent, $4.70@5.15; fancy, $4.00@4.50; family, $3.60@3.85; extra, $2.25@3.50; low grade, $2.00@2.85; rye, northwestern, $3.10@3.20; city, $3.10@3.20.

WHEAT—Sales: Sample red, track, 65@70; CORN—Sales: Mixed car, track, 29½c; No 2 white, to arrive, 33c.

OATS—Sales: Sample mixed, track, 26c; No 4 mixed, track, 25c; No 2 mixed, track, 27c; do, to arrive, 29½c.

HOGS—Select shippers, $3.95@4.00; select butchers, $3.90@3.95; fair to good packers, $3.75@3.80; fair to good light, $3.45@3.55; common and roughs, $3.10@3.35.

CATTLE—Fair to good shippers, $4.25@4.75; good to choice butchers, $4.00@4.25; fair to medium butchers, $3.10@3.60.

SHEEP—Extras, $3.85@4.00; good to choice, $3.40@3.75; common to fair, $2.00@3.25; yearlings, $4.00@4.75.

LAMBS—Extras, $5.75@6.00; good to choice, $5.50@5.70; common to fair, $4.00@5.25.

VEAL CALVES—Extra, $7.00; good to choice, $6.50@6.75; common to fair, $4.50@6.00.

CHICAGO, June 25.

WHEAT—June, 71½c; July, 71½c; September, 72½c.

CORN—July, 32½@32¾c; September, 33½@33¾c.

OATS—June, 23½c; July, 23½c; September, 25½@25¾c.

BARLEY—No 2, 40@42c.

RYE—Cash, 46c; July, 48@48½c; September, 49c.

It Is Only a Matter of Time

Until that SPOUTING must be torn off and new SPOUTING substituted. Why wait? You might as well come now and get our prices. They will never be cheaper. You can examin our ROOFING MATERIAL at same time. You know the place.

W. A. SMITH, 200 South Main St.

DRINK THE BEST AND ONLY . . . . BEER

BREWED BY THE

Christain Moerlein Brewing Company.

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Barbarosa and National Export, the Queen of Beers.

FAMILY TRADE SOLICITED.

Office, 214 East Market Street.

TELEPHONE NO. 124.

T. C. SULLIVAN, General Agent

For a Summer Cruise . . . take the Coast Line to Mackinac

NEW STEEL PASSENGER STEAMERS, SPEED, COMFORT AND SAFETY

The Greatest Perfection yet attained in Boat Construction: Luxurious Equipment, Artistic Furnishing, Decoration and Efficient Service.

To Detroit, Mackinac, Georgian Bay, Petoskey, Chicago

No other Line offers a Panorama of 400 miles of equal variety and interest.

Four Trips per Week Between Toledo, Detroit and Mackinac PETOSKEY, "THE SOO," MARQUETTE AND DULUTH.

LOW RATES to Picturesque Mackinac and Return, including Meals and Berths: Approximate Cost from Cleveland, $17; from Toledo, $14; from Detroit, $12.50.

Every Day and Night Between Cleveland, Put-in-Bay and Toledo.

Day and Night Service Between DETROIT AND CLEVELAND

Fare, $1.50 Each Direction. Berths, 75c., $1. Stateroom, $1.75. Connections are made at Cleveland with Railway Trains for all points East, South and Southwest, and at Detroit for all points North and Northwest.

Sunday Trips June, July, August, September and October Only.

Send 2c. for Illustrated Pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., DETROIT, MICH.

Detroit and Cleveland Navigation Company

Teachers' Meeting.

Put-in-Bay, O., June 28th and 29th. For the above occasion agents of the C. H. & D. Ry. in Ohio will sell tickets at the fare of one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold June 28th and 29th, good going on date of sale, and good returning up to and including July 2, 1898.

When Your Laundry

Comes home with the bosom stiffey and buttons near every button; it is your own fault if you neglect to hunt up a laundry that is careful about these details.

We are no 212 East Market street. Bell phone 537; call No. 55, we will send for your laundry and send it back to you in polite style quicker than any laundry in town.

ENTERPRISE LAUNDRY.

WHERE TO SPEND THE FOURTH.

Visit Washington and Ohio Troops in Camp—Excursion via Pennsylvania Lines.

An opportunity for a delightful Fourth of July or vacation trip and a visit to the Ohio Soldiers at Fairfax Court House, Virginia, is presented by the special low rate excursions to Washington over the Pennsylvania Lines for the National Educational Association meeting. Tickets at special reduced fare will be sold July 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th, good returning until July 12th, with privilege to extend until August 31st.

A number of persons are arranging to make the trip from this locality to see the sights at the National Capital and visit relatives and friends among the soldiers at Camp Alger, near Washington. It will be a delightful way in which to spend the glorious Fourth. Full particulars about rates, time of trains and other details will be furnished in reply to inquiries addressed to Ticket Agent P. A. Harmon, Lima, O., or W. R. Kinnan, N. G. P. A., Cleveland, O. 2 01 96

RHEUMATIC! A Guaranteed Cure for Rheumatism for sale by Hoover's and J. N. Cunningham. m15-7

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LIMA DAILY NEWS.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON
(EXCEPT SUNDAY)

E. W. JACKSON, President.
J. R. FINNELL L. S. GALVIN
Editors and Managers.

No. 318 NORTH MAIN STREET

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TELEPHONES NO. 417.

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UNION LABEL

NOTICE.

Where delivery of paper is irregular please report immediately to this office, or phone 417.

THE NEWS

Is on sale at the following places:

C W HEISTER, DRUG STORE, 58 Public Square.

THOMAS JONES' GROCERY, corner Main and Kibby streets.

MELVILLE'S DRUG STORE, corner Main and High streets.

AQUARIUM CIGAR STORE, No 75 Public Square.

D CRAMER'S DRUG STORE, corner Main and Kibby streets.

THEY ARE SO SWEET.

Flowers are such pretty things and so sweet to the receivers. If flowers are fragrant so are the bouquets from which they are made. Everyone loves a bonquet, and here is one that a caller presented to THE NEWS this morning: "The present management has certainly done wonders since it acquired THE NEWS. That Lima is a wide-awake, progressive city we all know; that THE NEWS has been a wide-awake and progressive newspaper we also all know. Success never fails to crown the efforts of an independent and hustling news journal."

This seems to be the general verdict of our friends, and we thank them for their expressions of confidence. We shall continue to make improvements, mention of which will be but superfluous as they will be quickly noticed. Our circulation continues to increase at a gratifying rate, and is proof of the confidence of the public.

WELL DONE, SHAFTER.

The debarkation of General Shafter's troops on Cuba's isle was a highly creditable performance. Apart from a consideration of the brilliancy displayed in conceiving the plan of invasion, the execution of that plan must rank among the great events of the war.

The landing of 16,000 soldiers in a hostile country will test the genius of any commander.

The topographical character of the country made it impossible to locate all the dangers that menaced the troops.

It was a splendid achievement to deceive the enemy as to the exact place of landing.

Co-operation with the Cubans tended to divert the Spaniards from the point of invasion.

The plan of invasion involved:

(a)—An attack of Manterola by Cubans under Rabi.

(b)—Vigilant guard over all the approaches to Baiquiri.

(c)—A massing of the coal transports to deceive the Spaniards as to the landing point.

(d)—Spirited shelling of Mazamorro and Cabanas.

(e)—Shelling of the hills around Baiquiri.

From another view-point the accomplishment demonstrates the military incapacity of the Spaniard. Of modern warfare he knows nothing.

THE LANDING AT BAIQUIRI.

The successful debarkation of Shafter's corps at Baiquiri gives the best possible assurance of a prompt forward movement against Santiago. Guantanamo Bay, where the marines were fighting, is over forty miles east of Santiago, and a landing of our whole army there would have involved several day's marching through a hilly country of great defensive capabilities. Baiquiri is only seventeen miles east of Santiago, with which it is connected by road, and hence more than half the distance from Guantanamo Bay is cut down at a stroke.

It has sometimes been conjectured that the landing would be west of Santiago, as the Spaniards probably expected us at the east after the operations of Col. Huntington's battalion of marines. But the reconnoissances of the region have been careful and prolonged, and the conference with Gen. Garcia no doubt settled that the east was the better side. If, for example, we had chosen as the landing place Aserradero, twenty-two miles west of Santiago, which Garcia's forces have been holding we should not only begin five miles further away, but might have to make a detour of the head of Santiago Bay, the town being part way down the bay, on the east shore. Hence, while cooperative demonstrations may be made on the west coast, at or between Cabanas and Aserradero, yet Baiquiri, with Sigua, a few miles to the east, held by the Cubans, gives a better base, and the road thence to Santiago is also far better than the one from Aserradero.

In advancing westward along the wagon road which runs through Altarez, Juraguasito and Sevilla to Santiago, our forces will take in reverse various points perhaps fortified on the shore. Accordingly, while Baiquiri is near enough to insure the cooperation of the ships with little delay, our advance westward will bring our army still nearer to the fleet, much of which, of course, must stay off Santiago Bay in order to check any attempt of Cervera to escape. New lines of shore communication can thus be established closer to the bay as our army moves from Baiquiri to Juragua and further.

The prompt landing of our troops may have forestalled the arrival of Gen. Pando with reinforcements for Santiago. At best, those reinforcements may now only be in season for the final encounter, if they reach the town at all.

The skill with which the landing was effected is another good omen for us. By bombarding other coast points as well as Baiquiri, including Juragua, west of it, and notably Cabanas and Aguadores, which latter are respectively a few miles west and east of Santiago Bay, Admiral Sampson engaged the enemy's attention and left him somewhat uncertain as to our plans. The actual landing was almost unopposed, and, indeed, resistance would only have meant slaughter for the Spaniards. They had earthworks near the town; but with the long range shells of the New Orleans bursting over an area of miles in radius, supported by those of four other vessels, the Spaniards saw that resistance was hopeless. In fact, Gen. Demetrio Castillo's forces from Sigua were firing into them also on the land side, and were of much service in covering our landing.

The first stage, then, in our invasion of Cuba has been passed as successfully as could be desired. Of course desperate fighting must be expected on the road to Santiago, whenever Gen. Shafter's forces, aided by those of Gens. Calixto Garcia and Rabi, attempt to advance upon it, while the capture of the batteries at Aguadores and Cabanas, on either side of Santiago Bay, may also call for hot work.

NO BETTER lesson of the necessity for coaling stations for the United States navy can be taught than is that which Cervera, cooped up in Santiago harbor, is teaching. Had Spain been in control of some coaling station at Trinidad, St. Thomas or Martinique, it is not likely that Cervera would be a naval prisoner. At any rate he would have been able to strike some serious blows before being rendered hors de combat as Hobson rendered him. Fortune favored Dewey in Manila bay else he might have been in a predicament similar to that which Cervera is now experiencing. Dewey made for himself a coaling station. There are men in this country whose souls are small enough to want Dewey to give it up. No Hawaii, no Philippines, no Porto Rico, no coaling stations; no coaling stations, no navy; no navy, no merchant marine; no merchant marine, no commerce; no commerce, no business; no business—a nation of Spaniards.

SECRETARY of State Kinney will receive all the votes of the Foraker faction in this county. We have this straight. The Republicans of Allen stand like a stone wall. Watch him vote this fall. Despite the desperate assurances of the "too much Hanna" crowd we look for Kenney votes to be on a par with snowballs next Monday.

There is a proposition in congress to create anew the position of lieutenant-general. General Miles looks forward to that rare distinction. It is the sentiment of the country that Miles should earn further what he gets farther. Possibly some other man may deserve the honor first, if so he ought to have it.

DESPITE the howl going up from some quarters that military positions have been given to sons of so-called big men, it must be conceded that some have the right mettle in their make-up. Col. Fred Grant was as sore as a scorcher after a fall down a 40-foot embankment when it was announced that his regiment would not leave with the first troops from Camp Thomas. Col. Roosevelt, whom some claimed was given a lieutenant-colonel's straps certainly fought like an inmate of hades in the recent battle near Santiago. Give the rich men a chance; don't grumble because they wish to dodge Spanish bullets.

IT is said that Admiral Cervera will make an attempt to dash out of Santiago harbor. Americans hope he will and pray for his success in getting out. But it won't help Cervera any to be on the outside. It will only hasten his destruction.

WE notice that the ordinance requiring all electric light poles to be painted is strictly enforced—nit. Come, Sir Pop, get out your hammer and do some knocking.

THE oil market is like the national flag. It is going up every day.

NOTICE--TO THE PUBLIC.

We the undersigned, seven out of the eight Lima clothing merchants, wish to inform the public that neither one of us is guilty of disgracing the branch of business we represent, or deceiving the public by conducting a clothing sale in another store room under false pretenses, under the name of a Railroad company. This is a new fake. It required a new one, as all the old ones, such as "Fire Sale," "Bankrupt Sale," "Going Out-of-Business Sale," buying out factories, etc., have all been worked on the unsuspecting public by the concern whose name does not appear here. We do enough business in our regular stores, we don't find it necessary to resort to fraudulent schemes of this character. No man doing a legitimate business will advertise at this age to have a Railroad Wreck Sale of $385,000 worth of Clothing, When in fact it's only a few hundred dollars worth of shop worn and unsaleable goods, carted from one store to another. Anyone having any doubt of the truth of this, can find positive proof at any of our stores, or the drayman who hauled the goods from one store to the other through the alleys, or by the merchants who sold the empty boxes to move the goods in, or by Mr. Ohler, who rented him the store room. We will donate $1.000 to Lima Charity Institutions if our statement is not true. We uphold legitimate competition but condemn and expose such rank fraud as this.

LOEWENSTEIN BROS.,
N. L. MICHAEL.
THE LIMA CLOTHING CO.,
SOL WEISENTHAL,
BANNER CLOTHING CO,
LICHTENSTADER BROS.,
THE MAMMOTH.

OUR BOYS

Will Not Leave With the First Detachment.

The Fourth Ohio the Only Buckeye Regiment to Go at the First Call.

Chickamauga Park, June 27.—Fifteen regiments have been ordered to go ready to leave here by Wednesday for the scene of active warfare. Last night General Brooke received orders from Washington to have all ready to leave on 24 hours' notice—15 regiments. The order was imparted to General Wade, commanding the Third Corps, and mounted orderlies were sent with orders to division commanders to prepare their regiments in their brigade. Following these orders to General Wade came orders to General Wilson to proceed at once to Tampa.

About 5 o'clock the selection of the fifteen regiments was completed, and orders designating the following and instructing commanders to be ready to move in 56 hours, were sent out by General Brooke:

First Division — First Brigade, Eighth Massachusetts, Third Wisconsin and Fifth Illinois.

Second Brigade—Third Illinois, Fourth Pennsylvania and Fourth Ohio.

Third Brigade—Sixteenth Pennsylvania, Second Wisconsin and First New Hampshire.

Second Division—First Brigade, Thirty-first Michigan, One Hundred and Sixtieth Indiana and First Georgia.

Second Brigade—First West Virginia, One Hundred and Fifty-eighth Indiana and Twelfth New York.

General Brooke will be in command, with General Wilson in charge of the First Division.

WANTS

All notices inserted in this column must be paid for in advance. Twenty-five cents is charged for one insertion and 35c for three insertions.

FOR SALE—DISPLAY CARDS—At the NEWS office. "Furnished Rooms," "For Sale" and "For Rent." tf

WANTED—GIRL—Good girl for general housework at 122 North McDonald street. 48

FOR RENT—A HOUSE—At 608 South West street. Good location. Inquire at storage house, 430 South Main. 53

TO LET — Good, clean kept furnished rooms for sleeping purposes at reasonable prices, one-half square from opera house. Address "Rooms," News Office.

FOR RENT—A house of 12 rooms to rent, next door east of Gazette Block. Inquire of E. W. Jackson, News Office.

Lieut. Ames to Be Court-Martialed.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—First Lieut. Charles G. Ames, of the 7th Ohio regiment at Camp Alger, will be court-martialed within a few days. He applied for leave of absence to go to Columbus, O., to be married. This was refused, but he obtained permission to go to Washington. From there he went to Columbus and was absent three days. The charges against him are absence without leave, disobedience of orders and conduct unbecoming an officer.

A number of men commenced work this morning about one o'clock tearing up the pavement in the center of the square, and the curve connecting the north Main street line with the east Market street track, was put in this afternoon.

Lady Bountiful tonight.

EXPLANATION of Cornell's victory at New London is easy and old. She had great speed for the reason the 13-inch projectile has great power of penetration. That mass is irresistible because its numerous parts all strike together. Cornell rowed that way.

A young son arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. R. Alspaugh, of 939 west Wayne street, Sunday and helped them celebrate their sixth wedding anniversary.

PRESS COMMENTS.

Chicago News: Speaker Reed doesn't even try to "look pleasant" while taking the Hawaiian tonic.

† †

Indianapolis News: The Vizcaya was struck by a shell, and, according to the Spanish version, the shell was considerably damaged.

† †

Marion Star: If the senate will please give some sign when it is through talking, the public will then remove the cotton from its ears.

† †

Topeka State Journal: It is noticeable that the two men who are doing the most fighting—Dewey and Sampson—do less talking than anybody else. Their communications to the government never extend beyond a few lines.

† †

Albany Argus: Dewey began bombarding at Manila at 5 a. m. and Sampson and Schley did a little job of the same sort the other day at 3 a. m. Spain is understood to intend filing a protest against these rank violations of the eight hour labor law.

† †

Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune: That Cadiz fleet is a dandy. It is sailing toward the east in the Mediterranean. It is sailing westward in the Atlantic. It is massing at Cartagena. It is in Cadiz. It is unseaworthy. No wonder Boston is in dread of such a fleet.

† †

Chicago Times Herald: On Broadway the other night a woman knocked a man down and was proceeding to thrash him soundly when a policeman interfered and placed her under arrest. She explained, however, that the victim was her husband, whereupon the policeman apologized and released her. Matrimony has its advantages as well as its drawbacks in New York; it all depends on the point of view.

† †

Findlay Republican: The news from Camp Chickamauga is such as to make Findlay proud of the company she has contributed to the American army awaiting the nation's call from the rendezvous. Its record is not exceeded in any important respect by any other company in the service and that is saying a great deal.

The same can be truthfully said of Company C.

When you feel fatigued and weary just drop into Tidd's Cream Parlor, East North street, and you can refresh and relax yourself on his beverages and cream for a trifle.

Lady Bountiful tonight.

Crash Suits,
$2.98.

Crash Pants,
98c.

Fancy Vests,
98c.

Straw Hats,
25 and 50c.

Summer Underwear.
23c, 35c, 48c.

Negligee Shirts,
48c, 73c, 98c.

Light Goods at Light Prices.

LOEWENSTEIN BROS.,
28 and 30 Public Square.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

OF FEMININE INTEREST.

Fruit Juice Shoe Polish.

Orange juice is one of the best dressings for black shoes or boots. Take a slice or quarter of an orange and rub it on the shoe or boot; then, when dry, brush with a soft brush until the shoe shines like a looking glass. This is an English recipe. Another fruit dressing is for tan shoes, the inside of a banana skin. Rub the skin all over the shoe, thoroughly, wipe off carefully with a soft cloth briskly. Patent leather shoes should not be polished with blacking. These are the hardest kind of shoes to keep looking well, and require constant care. They may be cleaned with a damp sponge and immediately dried with a soft cloth, with occasionally a little vaseline or sweet oil. They must never be donned in cold weather without heating or they will crack as soon as exposed to the cold air.

* *

The marriage of Mr. Harvey Pool and Miss Nellie Trevor will number among the events of the week on Wednesday evening ot the home of the bride.

* *

Mrs. M. E. Boysell will be the hostess for the Coterie Circle tomorrow evening. It is essential for all members to be present.

* *

Mrs. C. M. Hughes and daughter, Belle, entertained friends in compliment to Mrs. Aves, of Norwalk, on Saturday afternoon.

* *

The German Society left this morning for Dayton, where they will picnic today in some pretty appointed place; also will visit the Soldiers' Home before returning. Arrangements, previously made, assure the society a royal time.

* *

Miss Lena Sanford left this morning for Cincinnati to attend the convention of "elocution" which is to be held in the Queen City this week.

* *

After the performance at Faurot's this evening, the members of the Lima Club will tender Miss Lamison and her company a reception at the club house.

AFTER TWENTY YEARS

Mr. Michael Retires From Mercantile Business.

With the last day of this month will end the mercantile career of N. L. Michael. On that day he will sever his connection with the store bearing his name, which he established over twenty years ago. Though for the past few years Mr. Michael has not devoted much time to the store, his time having been mostly required by his real estate and other interests, however, the store has been ably managed by his partners, consisting of his two brothers, Theo. and Max Michael, and Jeff E. Morris, all of whom will continue the business as sole proprietors without any change except in the name of the firm—from N. L. Michael to The Michael Clothing and Shoe Company. Mr. Michael has reached a stage and condition in life that prompted him to give up merchandising in place of banking, when he was called upon and elected as active vice president by the directors of the new American National Bank which will open its doors next Thursday, where he will be pleased to see his friends. Mr. Michael feels very grateful to the citizens of Lima and Allen county for the liberal patronage and confidence they have bestowed upon him and he takes this method of expressing his thanks to them while making his last bow to the public as a merchant.

Gold Dust 15c. a package at Watson's.

Children like it, it saves their lives. We mean One Minute Cough Cure, the infallible remedy for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, grippe, and all throat and lung troubles. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast cor. Main and North.

Norah Lamison tonight.

A special train bearing the Cincinnati, Dayton and other delegations of Knights of St. John, passed through Lima this afternoon at 4:30 o clock, enroute to Detroit.

Get Mason Jars at Watson's.

Company D Leaves for Camp.

CINCINNATI, June 27.—Company D of the National reserves left Saturday morning over the Big Four railroad for Camp Bushnell. For the past few days the company has been recruiting at 236 East Fifth street, preparatory to its departure. On Friday 50 new men were added, and the organization was completed.

Leaves for Tampa.

GREENVILLE, O., June 27.—Monday at noon Sergt. C. P. Mount, of Company C, 3d regiment, O. V. I., left Gettysburg for Tampa, Fla., with 44 of the most able-bodied and popular young men in Darke county. The boys will be taken direct to Tampa and will fill Company C to the number of 106 men.

Visitors From Home.

COLUMBUS, O., June 27.—The feature of Camp Bushnell Sunday was the arrival of a Madison county delegation of 600 to visit the London company encamped there. Col. H. H. Prettyman escorted the delegation, and all were welcomed to camp by Hon. John F. Locke, captain of the company.

FIRE WATER

Guzzled by These Thirsty Citizens Who This Morning

Woke up—Durance Vile at the Police Station Brings Additional Revenue in the Way of Fines.

Phil Carter, an erstwhile Buffalo Bill, got rampant on the South Side Saturday evening and Patrolman Bacome beckoned to him to follow where he dared to lead. Carter followed and a street car ride terminated at the hotel of Chief Watts. He balanced off as the station he was entering and accidently pushed his anatomy through one of the windows. The entire escapade was reviewed in police court this morning and the victim of too much booze was let off with the costs of caring for his besoaked body.

Plain drunk was the sentence written opposite the name of Patsy Dempsey on the police docket. When brought once more from the land of darkness to the land of light, he straightened up and pushed forth the words "not guilty." Dempsey was a little on the scrap, also, before the battle of bug juice resulted in a victory for the juice and for all his time de jolly he will answer to His Honor this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

OILDOM.

Operator Begins to Feel as if the Time to Move Has Arrived.

The Advance in Oil May Give a Large Number of Idle Men Employment.

In commenting upon the three cent advance in oil last week, the oil writer for the Toledo Commercial has the following to say: The advance is quite inspiring to the entire oil trade. No doubt it will have a tendency to increase operations. Every man who owns a lease that gives promise of a paying well begins to feel as if the time to make a move on his part had almost arrived.

But the volume of new operations for the month of June will be considerably larger than the May exhibit. While this may be somewhat encouraging to the laboring element, it must be taken as a pointer that if production is not again increased it will not be the fault of the men who are in the producing business.

It is a firm conviction of the whole force of the Trenton rock region that no amount of drilling would elevate the output to an equality with the shipment demand. In this, however, might lay a very grave error. Sicker looking fields than ours have, in many instances, been revived and become surprisingly productive.

But as labor is idle and supplies very cheap it might be a very good time to proceed with the dance.

A large number of drillers and tool dressers who have been out of employment for some time have enlisted and are now in camp or on their way thither. For those who have remained there is, therefore, some promise of employment in the near future, and from present appearances there is little danger in setting them to work.

THE HOOSIER FIELD.

Interest in the oil fields of Indiana is once more drawing Buckeye drillers. The leases around Montpelier are being grabbed up in a rush by the prospectors. A number of big wells have come in there in the past fortnight. Since the Welton Bros. struck their 200 barrels north of that city others have been hopeful and not without avail. The Manhattan Saturday drilled in a 250 producer on the Cale farm south of Montpelier. In the early part of the week the Ludwig and McDonald got a ten barrel an hour well on the J. D. A. Leonard farm, and she is still going at a good rate, though it is claimed it is a crevice well. The Davis Bros. struck the sand on their Knox farm Saturday and have a showing for a dandy.

The Echo Oil company will reach the sand today with their No. 20 on the Huffman farm in the Mt. Zion field. Sam Tate, of the S. Lockwood & Co., has been drilling near the Echo lease, while the Ohio is putting down two wells on another Huffman farm adjoining the two above.

WELL! WELL!

Oil Advanced Another Cent All 'Round —75-Cent Oil Possible.

The price of Lima, Indiana and eastern crude was advanced one cent this morning by the Buckeye Pipe Line Company. This is the highest point Lima oil has reached in the past eighteen months. The quotations are follows:

Tiona	$1 00
Pennsylvania	98
Barnesville	80
Corning	73
New Castle	65
North Lima	65
South Lima	60
Indiana	60

IT KEEPS US BUSY!

...Our Success Due To Merit!...

Minding our own business keeps us busy. Every day is a day of progress in the history of our business. Neither our good looks nor political pull have the least to do with our success. It is due to the merit of our stock, our prices, our methods, and the fact that we advertise nothing which we can not carry out. Our stock is the best assorted in Lima—in Clothing for Men and Boys as well as in Shirts, Underwear, Hats and Shoes. Our prices are always low; the many different lines we carry, together with the large volume of business we do, makes it possible to carry on our business on a very small percentage; hence, we can well afford to sell at smaller profits than some of our competitors, whose expense is many times that of ours and whose business is mostly done in paid newspaper advertisements. Our methods are so well known that they need no elaboration to make them popular. That the people appreciate our store is demonstrated by their generous patronage. An important feature in the past records of our store has been the semi-annual housecleaning. We will positively carry no goods over from one season to another that might become back numbers on our hands or which might decrease in value by losing their stability with age. Our object is to give our customers nothing but the newest in everything. Such remnants or undesirable stock, which even low prices cannot move at the end of the season, during these SPECIAL housecleaning sales, we ship away to be sold elsewhere, either at private or auction sales, for whatever they will bring. This is the secret of keeping our stock "clean." We have no use for old or shopworn goods and out they must go at any price. In the near future another housecleaning sale will be brought to your notice. Remember that we have just what we advertise, the methods of our competitors notwithstanding.

You and your friends have helped us in our rapid growth, for which we are ever grateful. By continuing to come to us for your Clothing, Hats, Shoes, etc. You will reap the benefit. We will treat you right.

THE UNION,

Lima's Best and Cheapest Clothing and Shoe Store.

WOMAN TO BLAME.

And the Defendant Was Given a Decree of Divorce.

Ohio Southern Hearing Today—General News of the Courts.

The divorce suit of Mrs. Louis H. Osman vs her husband, came up before Judge Robb this morning. The plaintig asked leave to withdraw her petition, which was granted. But the defendant continued and produced testimony proving the wife to be guilty of adultery, and was granted a decree of separation. The custody of their one child was given to the father. Louis H. Osman is a son of ex-Commissioner Osman, living about two miles from Lima.

O. S. HEARING.

Special Master A. V. Watts is here today hearing the car trust matters in the Ohio Southern. A number of attorneys are present, including Judge Doyle, of Toledo; Ohls & Henderson, of Columbus; Cole & Potter, of New York, and others.

PROBATE MATTERS.

Frank Bronneman was appointed administrator of the estate of William Miller this morning.

George Stalton, guardian of Maud Harter, filed his first and final account.

The county commissioners are out viewing the Heffner ditch in Auglaize township today.

The city Board of Equalization wound up their affairs this afternoon and adjourned sine die.

Spratt's Dog Biscuit at Watson's.

Thirty-five years make a generation. That is how long Adolph Fisher, of Zanesville, O., suffered from piles. He was cured by using three boxes of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast cor. Main and North.

Norah Lamison tonight.

ALLIANCE, O., June 27.—Gelhart & Green's pottery plant at Atwater, eight miles north of this city, was destroyed by fire at 2 o'clock Saturday morning, including all of the machinery. Loss, $15,000; insurance, $4,000. Forty men are thrown out of work.

Injured in a Runaway.

BELLEFONTAINE, O., June 27.—A horse belonging to Wm. Grubbs ran away. Mr. Grubbs sustained a broken leg and other injuries. His son Bert had his left knee cap broken and his leg injured. A small son jumped and escaped injury.

Farewell to Keifer.

SPRINGFIELD, O., June 27.—A farewell reception was tendered Maj. Gen. Keifer and Capt. Horace Keifer, his son, Saturday night at the Lagonda club. They left Monday for Jacksonville.

Heard and Seen.

When women first began to ride the bicyble it was stated that she would coolly dispute the right of way with a railroad train. It took a young lady of Lima to demonstrate that some of the charges have a sort of foundation that it is uncomfortable to satisfactorily account for. Twice she had risked her life in crossing a street car track just before a rapidly advancing car. The third time she collided with a man who was minding his duty as a cyclist, but who magnanimously turned his wheel so that he fell under the car rather than to plunge her in that direction. The man was not dangerously hurt, no thanks of the fair bicyclenne, but for the sake of the rest of the community the young lady should be forbidden to even mount a wheel again.

The Liquor League of the city of Columbus seems to be spoiling for a fight or is little under the influence of its own spell. The members of the league worked themselves into line by flying into a tempest and calling the W. C. T. U. women "old hens" and "dried up and wizened old maids" one day and then the next were out spoiling for a fight with the brewers, the nation, or any old element, on account of their determination not to stand the "war tax." It is a little interesting to note what they will do next, or what will be done to them. Fortune generally favors the brave, one way or another, and the league is nothing if not brave.

Chicago & Erie Excursions.

Buffalo, N. Y., Baptist Young Peoples Union. On sale July 12th to 15th, inclusive. One fare for round trip.

Salt Lake City, Utah, International Mining Congress. Tickets on sale July 2d. One first class rate plus $1, for round trip.

Two special excursions to Chautauqua Lake July 8th and 29th. Good 30 days. $8.40 for round trip.

Celeron, Chautauqua Lake, N. Y., Photographers Association of America, July 10th and 11th. One fare for round trip.

Your Opportunity

Now is your clothing opportunity. The spring rush is over, but our stock of fashionable and worthy fabrics is as complete as it ever was.

We have the materials. We want to keep the men employed and to get rid of the materials. Hence such chances are these.

SHERMAN WERNER & CO.,

308 North Main St.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE TIME-TRAVELER.

"Tick-tock! such a great big clock
[illegible]
He stands so straight, and he looks so tall
When the firelight shines on the wainscot wall.
With wonderful things to show:
A golden bridge and a golden boat,
Golden hen in a golden moat,
Golden apples on golden boughs,
Golden folk in a high gold house,
Golden birds on a spangled sky,
Golden pheasants that flit and fly
Where the golden blossoms blow—
And oh, I wonder and wonder why,
If he can't speak better, or just won't try?
But nobody seems to know."

Tick-tock! such an old, old clock!
Such a long, long while to go!
A hundred years and a half again
He has watched the sun and the wind and rain,
The glass and the winter snow;
For a hundred years and a half has seen
The old leaves fade and the new spring green,
And the little children grow.

"Tick-tock!" says the old, old clock
(And his voice sounds tired and slow).
"A hundred years and anigh fourscore
Over and over, and still once more,
Oh, little child, I have said my say
The dark night through, and the live-long day;
I have watched your folk as they came and went,
Small and sturdy, and big and bent,
Goldenhair—graybeard—babes and men,
I watch them now as I watched them then,
Many a year ago.

"The grown folk look in my full-moon face,
But the children peer at my painted case
With its birds and flowers; and the grown folk all—
'Listen!' they say, when aloud I call
Telling the hour; but the children hear
Tinkling stories sweet and clear.
I tell them tales of the China seas,
Of golden parrots on golden trees,
Where pig-tailed people little and great
Fish for stars by a palace gate
With their golden rods a-row.

"I never rest and I never sleep,
I never laugh and I never weep;
Oh, little boy, with the big blue eyes,
Who sleeps and wakens and laughs and cries,
I am very old, I am very wise;
I never stop, and I never play;
With never a halt nor a holiday
I tell my tale and I say my say—
Tick-tock!" (said the tall old clock
To the little child in the short white frock)
"And now do you wonder so?"

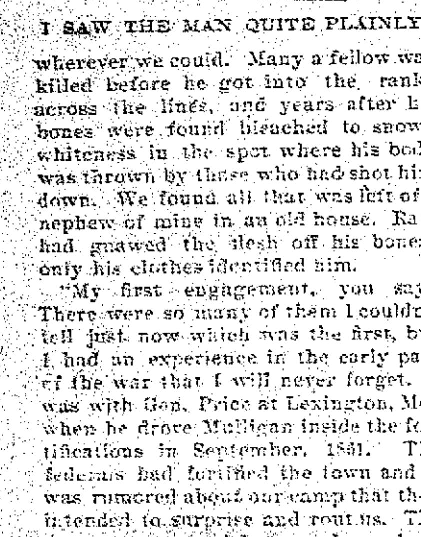
—Rosamund Marriott Watson, in N. Y. Independent.

Major Salmon's War Time Story

THE SCENE at Union station when the First battery left for the south, awakened in many of those present memories of the days of the civil war. Mingled with those who witnessed such stirring scenes for the first time, were veterans of the war. The former listened eagerly, while the latter reveled in reminiscences, as they waited for the train that brought the boys from the barracks.

In the crowd was Maj. Harvey Salmon, of Clinton, Mo. Friends were gathered around him. Strangers, jostled by the surging mass of people, pricked their ears to hear war stories.

"I was a youngster at the outbreak of the war," Maj. Salmon was heard to say. "We Missouri boys who wanted to join the confederate army went in a very different way from what our brave lads are going to-day. We had to steal our way through the lines in the dead of night, on horses that we picked up



I SAW THE MAN QUITE PLAINLY.

wherever we could. Many a fellow was killed before he got into the ranks across the lines, and years after his bones were found bleached to snowy whiteness in the spot where his body was thrown by those who had shot him down. We found all that was left of a nephew of mine in an old house. Rats had gnawed the flesh off his bones; only his clothes identified him.

"My first engagement, you say? There were so many of them I couldn't tell just now which was the first, but I had an experience in the early part of the war that I will never forget. I was with Gen. Price at Lexington, Mo., when he drove Mulligan inside the fortifications in September, 1861. The federals had fortified the town and it was rumored about our camp that they intended to surprise and rout us. The most strenuous picket watch was kept day and night. I was called out of a sound sleep shortly after I had retired one night in September and told to go out beyond the second picket and keep close watch. My instructions were to shoot down the first man who hove in sight and then retreat to the second picket. It was one of those hazy autumn nights common to that part of the country. There was no moon, but the stars twinkled through the gloom, and now and then one fell, trailing a thin streak of light behind.

"One hundred and fifty yards from [illegible] Mulligan was on fire with [illegible]. I walked up and down a slender path [illegible] I had an excellent look out over the country [illegible] timbered section, near Lexington.

"My eyes were [illegible] objects almost, and my ears [illegible] stood away from my head [illegible] I to catch the slightest sound. The leaves rustled in the wind, and now and then a branch crackled under the weight of a slumbering bird. I imagined all sorts of things. The war was young then, and we weren't seasoned and hardened in experience. A fellow's imagination gets very vivid, and he is liable to see all sorts of things that he is expected to see and watch out for. Loss of sleep, unusual excitement and a feverish anxiety not to be caught napping made me all the more fearful of being trapped. Just as I was turning at the end of the beaten track I saw a man coming toward a fence. I leveled my double-barrel, ready to do as I was told, when the fellow set his foot on the fence. I expected to see him jump over the next moment, but he seemed to hesitate. He may be watching me, I thought, looking steadily at him and covering every movement he might make with my gun. I refrained from shooting only because I did not want to raise the commotion which my shot would entail without being absolutely sure of my business.

"It seemed to me that I stood for hours glued to the spot. There was that fence, that man with his foot on it, ready to swing his body over, that intense longing to shoot, yet a sort of sober afterthought bidding me to wait until he had made another move. The move never came.

"Gradually dawn crept over the timber. At its first faint rays I felt relieved. Now I would see my man more plainly. He, too, would see me and do something more than rest his foot on the fence rail.

"The stars withdrew one by one, and all at once there was no fence, there was no man, there was not even a stump that looked like a man. My eyes ached from the strain of gazing so hard at that one imaginary object, peering through the darkness to see it come toward me. Yes, it was an intense relief to find that I had been mistaken, but it was a matter of still greater congratulation to me that I had not been beguiled into rousing the entire camp from its peaceful slumber by the creatures of my overvivid imagination.

"Was I frightened, you ask? I won't deny that I was badly frightened, and that reminds me of a fellow in my company who once gave appropriate answer to a crowd of soldiers who made all manner of fun of him because he trembled like an aspen leaf as they were going to battle.

"'Boys,' said he, 'if you trembled as I do you'd cut and run.' I tell you, this sense of fear on the eve of what is probably certain death is nothing to be ashamed of nor anything to wonder at. Lincoln, one of the greatest of all men, appreciated this fear. I remember the case of a young fellow, whose name I might tell you if I didn't think it wrong. Just before one of the bloodiest engagements fought during the late war he ran away. He was caught, court-martialed and condemned to be shot. His friends sought President Lincoln's interference, but before they had a chance to reach him Stanton and Holt went to him and told him that an example must be made in the case of the young fellow; that he must be shot as a warning to others.

"Lincoln was very serious and shook his head doubtfully.

"'Stanton,' he said, 'have you ever been to war?'

"'No,' said Stanton, 'I never have.'

"'Have you, Holt?' persisted Lincoln.

"'I have not had that privilege, Mr. President,' answered Holt.

"'Well, I have,'" was Lincoln's rejoinder. 'I was in the Black Hawk war, and I know what fear is. I will not have a man shot because he runs away in the face of almost certain annihilation. You may punish him some other way, but I will not permit you to shoot him.'"
—St. Louis Republic.

The Wearing of Mourning.

The custom of wearing mourning is of an antiquity so great that its origin is uncertain, and no practice is so widely diffused as this is more variable. From 40 days to a year is commonly considered the proper time in Europe and America for wearing mourning, but circumstances greatly vary from this approximate rule. Courts go into mourning from seven to thirty days. Mourning is displayed upon public buildings generally about a month, and mourning for a relative depends upon the nearness of the relationship. We are accustomed to think of black as the only mourning color, but almost every color of the rainbow is used somewhere in the world as an emblem of mourning; black and white striped in the South Sea islands, grayish brown in Ethiopia, pale brown in Persia, sky blue in Syria and Armenia, deep blue in Bokhara, purple and violet in France; Turkey, violet; China, white, and Egypt and Burmah, yellow. —Detroit Free Press.

The Best of Lives.

The masters of the world in art, in poetry, in science, in invention or in any other specialty, however valuable, furnish example and inspiration to those who follow the same line of thought or of labor; but he who has been eminent in character, who has lived a life of righteousness and peace, of justice and mercy, of honorable dealings and broad sympathies, of loving impulses and generous actions, appeals to everyone to follow in his footsteps. His is a life all can understand, all can revere, all can imitate, for the germs of these qualities are in every breast, waiting for development.—Boston Hours.

[illegible] as Sailors.

[illegible]

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Joseph Jefferson Friday night unveiled a memorial window erected by the Players club in memory of the late Edwin Booth in the "Little Church Around the Corner."

The Madrid correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph says: "When the cortes closed martial law was proclaimed. The Sagasta cabinet will resign and make way for a new government which will open negotiations for peace."

Thursday night, in a little room in the rear of 914 Twenty-second street N. W., Washington, William H. Brooke, a veteran of the civil war, a pensioner, and, until recently, a watchman in the navy department, was killed by his wife, Martha, with a hatchet, she in turn being fatally injured with the same weapon.

The Vienna correspondent of the London Daily News says: "The anti-Jewish outbreaks in Galicia are by no means ended. There was serious rioting Thursday near Sandec and Friday at Neu Sandec, the military was called out to restore order. Everything indicates that it will be impossible to withdraw the military."

At Atlanta, Ga., Judge John S. Chandler, before whom Edward Flanagan, the murderer sentenced to be hanged Friday, was tried, has ordered a stay, pending a decision by the prison commission on an application for commutation of sentence. Flanagan, who killed Mrs. Allen and Ruth Slack three years ago, is believed to be mentally unbalanced.

At Seattle, Wash., the torpedo boat Rowan has been given a preliminary trial trip. The run which was made to Tacoma and return, was very satisfactory, a speed of 25 knots being developed under 175 pounds of steam. She can stand 250 pounds, and it would be no great surprise if she made on her official trial a greater speed than the required 26 knots.

CAPT. A. T. MAHAN.
(Member of the Naval Strategic Board at Washington.)

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

Great Western Distillery at Peoria, Ill., the Largest in the World, Burning—Plant and Contents Worth $350,000.

PEORIA, Ill., June 25.—The Great Western distillery, the largest in the world, was struck by lightning during the storm shortly after midnight, and is now burning. It is the property of Woolner Bros., and was one of the houses entering the new distillery company. With its contents it is worth $350,000. Fully insured.

Geese a Token of Love.

A Chinese gentleman always sends a pair of geese to the lady of his choice, and they are looked upon as the emblems of conjugal fidelity.

EARLY POSTAL SYSTEMS.

Rome Had the Best Organized System of Delivery of All the Ancient States.

We find the first recorded postal system in the Persian empire under Cyrus the Elder; but it is clear that Rome of all the ancient states possessed the best organized system of transmitting letters through its numerous provinces. All along the great Roman roads houses were erected at a distance of five or six miles from each other. At each of these stations 40 horses were constantly kept and by the help of relays it was easy to travel 100 miles in a day.

These services were intended for the state only, it being imperative to secure the rapid interchange of official communications. In the time of Julius Caesar the system was so well organized that of two letters the great soldier wrote from Britain to Cicero at Rome, the one reached its destination in 26 and the other in 28 days. Private citizens had to trust to the services of slaves, and it is not until the end of the third century that we hear of the establishment of a postal system for private persons by Emperor Diocletian, but how long this system remained history does not say.

Aluminum Shoes for Horses.

Russia has tried experiments with aluminum for cavalry horses. A few horses in the Finland Dragoons were shod with one aluminum shoe and three iron shoes each, the former being on the fore foot in some cases, and on the hind foot in others. The experiment lasted six weeks, and showed that the aluminum shoes lasted longer and preserved the foot better than the iron ones.

What It Was.

The Spanish [illegible] [illegible]

The [illegible] Spanish [illegible] —N. Y. Journal.

PIE IS TABOOED.

Boston Children Are Not Allowed to Eat This Toothsome Delicacy at School.

Pie, that good, old-fashioned New England staple, is doomed, if modern educators have their way, says The New York Press. In the public schools of Boston instructors keep watch and ward not only over the mental pabulum of their pupils, but they prescribe for their noonday luncheons the things that it is hygienically and scientifically proper for boys and girls to eat.

Some of the wise Bostonians viewed with anxiety the youth of the city nonchalantly munching pie, cake and other indigestibles at their noon recess, utterly indifferent to any result more remote than the immediate gratification of their appetites. Science applied to food was summoned to the rescue, and the members of the committee on hygiene of the Boston school board had an order passed providing that only such food as was approved by them should be sold in any of the city schoolhouses. This was aimed at the janitors and others who had been catering to the demand for pies and cake by carrying on a brisk noonday trade in such viands. The New England kitchen, a semi-philanthropic experiment in scientific cooking and food production, was asked to supply the luncheons that boys and girls ought to have.

The first plan was to have two grades of luncheons—a ten-cent lunch, consisting of a cup of soup, milk or cocoa, with crackers, two slices of bread and butter and fruit or simple cake, and a five-cent lunch, consisting of a sandwich, bread and butter, with fruit, cocoa and crackers or milk and crackers. Ten-cent lunches, however, did not prove popular, so all sorts of combinations possible for five cents have been made. If a pupil wants more than that he buys two or three lunches, according to the degree of his appetite and the state of his finances.

LOVE AMONG LAPLANDERS.

Curious Customs That Are Still in Vogue Among Inhabitants of the Icy Land.

When a young Laplander is in love with a girl he and she run a race. He is heavily handicapped, so that she may win if she chooses, and if she outruns him he cannot propose again. Of course she suffers herself to be overtaken if she cares for him, but the consent of her parents must be obtained before she can be married. The law of the land is very strict on this point, and in olden times the man was subject to capital punishment if he married without the consent of the girl's parents. After a Laplander has chosen a bride he sends her a present of a girdle, a ring and a quantity of brandy; he goes as far as the door of her hut, but remains outside until invited to enter, when a bumper of brandy is offered to the girl's father; if he drink it is a sign he consents to the marriage, and the young lover then promises to give the girl some clothes, and pays a sum of money, generally 100 copper dollars, on the spot. This, of course, is a remnant of marriage by purchase, which, in primitive times, succeeded marriage by capture. Banns are published once in Lapland and the marriage ceremony is very short. The bride wears her hair loose and has a gold band round her head. Her presents and her dowry are generally reindeer, and she and her bridegroom remain with her parents for a year after marriage.

CAMERA ACTS AS A PROXY.

Parents of the Bride Who Are Missionaries in Turkey Are Furnished a Picture of Wedding.

A camera served as a rather unique and unusual proxy for the bride's parents at the wedding of Miss Violet Russell Bond, of Plainfield, N. J., to Rev. P. B. Kennedy, of Asbury, N. J., at the home of the bride's grandfather, Theophilus Bond, of East Front street.

Mr. and Mrs. Bond are missionaries in Turkey and were unable to be present at the wedding of their daughter, but in order that they might not be deprived of a view of the wedding party a flashlight photograph was taken by Harry Coward immediately after Rev. C. H. Herring had pronounced them husband and wife.

The photograph will be developed and, together with several other mementos of the nuptial event, will be forwarded to Mr. and Mrs. Bond at their far-off eastern post.

What Is The Good

Of good printing? You can probably answer that in a minute when you compare good printing with poor. You know the satisfaction of sending out printed matter that is neat and up-to-date in appearance. You know how it impresses you when you receive it from some one else. Let us show you what we can do by a judicious mixture of brains and type. For the asking we will help you with your printing. Let us get you out some neat up-to-date stationery. We insure you perfect satisfaction, with prices lowest, consistent with good work.

The News Job Rooms,

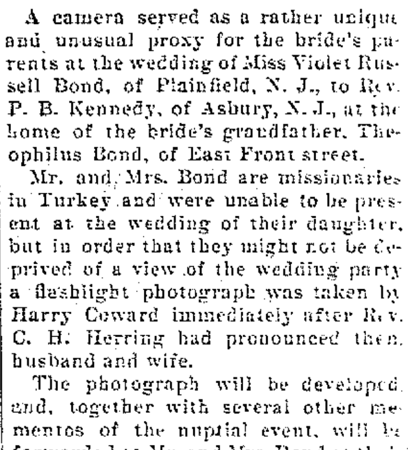
Phone No. 417.

Steam and Hot Water Heating.

Pluming and gas fitting, Sinks, cistern pumps, lawn hose, hose reels and hose nozzles. Also agent for the Cleveland beer pumps and all beer pump supplies. Incandescent gas lamps 75c, complete.

J. M. McVEY,
119 E High Street.

FOUNDED ON HISTORY.



Our pride for our country is founded on history. We point to the formation of our government and shout ourselves hoarse over what the past means for us. We take pride in our life as a nation and we have personal reasons for it. When we have offered in the way of [illegible] makes you willing to shout for us.

ENTERPRISE DRUG STORE

OPEN ALL NIGHT

$14 ROUND TRIP FROM LIMA.

Choice of Ten Popular Resorts.

A Delightful Midsummer Outing by the Sea.

One of the ideal vacation trips is a visit to the seashore. Persons who may have participated in that enjoyment are annually anxious to repeat the experience. To those who may not have been that fortunate, a dip in the ocean, a stroll along the sandy beach, and the myriads of pleasures at the disposal of the summer idler by the sea, have a peculiar charm. The largely patronized general excursions inaugurated last season by the Pennsylvania Lines from principal points in Ohio and Indiana brought out that fact. The announcement that the Pennsylvania System will this summer again run special low rate excursions to the seashore will no doubt will be welcome information to persons who may wish to spend highly enjoyable vacations along the ocean.

Wednesday, August 10th, has been fixed as the date for this season's general excursions to the seashore over the Pennsylvania Lines. On that date round trip tickets to ten of of the most popular summer havens along the Atlantic Coast will be sold. The rate will be $14 from Lima. Passengers may visit either Atlantic City, Cape May, Anglesea, Avalon, Holly Beach, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Wildwood, New Jersey, Rehoboth, Del., or Ocean City, Md.

Excursion tickets will be good returning eleven days including date of sale. Train arrangements will enable excursionists to go through without any discomfort. Sleeping Cars running through Philadelphia to Atlantic City without change via Delaware River Bridge Route will be included in the through [illegible] for these excursions, which will offer exceptional facilities for a [illegible] outing by the sea. The [illegible] will be run [illegible] [illegible]

For special information about [illegible] [illegible] F. A. [illegible], Ticket [illegible] [illegible]

REDUCED FARES

To Various Points via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines as indicated in the following paragraphs. Although concessions in fare are authorized for meetings of certain Orders, tickets may be obtained by any person whether a member of the Order or interested in the event. The reduced rates will be open to everybody.

To MANSFIELD, OHIO—June 27th and 28th, for State Christian Endeavor Convention. From points in Ohio only; good returning until July 1st.

To PUT-IN-BAY, OHIO—June 28th and 29th, account State Teachers' Association Meeting. Return limit July 2d. From points in Ohio only.

To WASHINGTON, D. C.—July 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th, for the National Educational Association Meeting. Good to return July 15th, with privilege to extend return limit until August 31st.

To CHICAGO, ILL.—July 12th and 13th, for Young People's Christian Union, Universalist Church. Good returning July 21st, with privilege to extend until August 10th.

To BUFFALO, N Y—July 12th, 13th, 14th and 15th, good returning until July 19th, with privilege to extend until September 1, account Baptist Young People's Union International Convention.

To SARATOGA, N Y—August 1st and 2d, account Young People's Christian Union, U P Church. Return limit August 10th, with privilege to extend until August 31st.

To PITTSBURG, PA—October 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th, good returning until October 17th, account Knights Templar Triennial Conclave. Return limit may be extended until October 31st.

During the excursion season special rates will also be in effect via Pennsylvania Lines for special and local events. For particular information please apply to nearest Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines or address C. L. KIMBALL, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, Ohio.

C. H. & D. EXCURSIONS.

Toledo every Sunday via C. H. & D. only $1 for the round trip.

Religious Meeting, Linwood Park, Vermillion, O., August 2-22, 1898—Agents of the C. H & D Ry, north of and including Dayton will sell tickets at the rate of one fare fo the round trip. Tickets will be sold August 1st to 22d inclusive, good going date of sale good returning from Vermillion up to and including August 31st, 1898.

Dayton and Return—On June 27 and 28 the C, H & D Ry will sell tickets at one fare.

Omaha and Return—Every day until Oct. 15 the C. H & D Ry will sell round trip tickets at $30.50.

Kansas City, Mo., and Return—Every day until Oct. 15 the C. H & D Ry will sell round trip tickets at $27.50.

Homeseekers' Excursion to the West on June 21, at one fare plus $2.00.

Detroit and Return—June 27 and 28 the C, H & D will sell round trip tickets at $3.10, good to return until July 4.

Tourist tickets on sale every day to the North, East and West, at very low rates.

Wheeling, W. Va., and Return—On June 23, 24 and 25 the C. H & D will sell round trip tickets at $6.55, good to return until the 30.

Toledo and Return—On June 15 and 16 the C. H & D will sell round trip tickets at $2.30, good to return until the 20.

Dayton Soldiers Home—On June 25 the C. H & D will sell tickets for train leaving Lima at 5:15 a m at $1.75.

Nashville, Tenn., and Return—On July 2, 3, 4 and 5 the C. H & D will sell excursion tickets at one fare, good to return until the 15.

Metropolitan Barber Shop and Bath Rooms . . . .

. . . . BEST IN THE CITY.

CHILDREN CALLED FOR AND DELIVERED

To any part of the City Free of Charge.

MACK DIXON, Prop. Opp. Rexall House and Court House.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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EXHIBITING AFRICA.

White Interlopers Are Wresting the Continent from the Hands of the Blacks.

It is a fitting time at the end of the century to exhibit Africa, and now under the new masters. Like poor Poland, it has been fully partitioned, though, unlike Poland, not torn limb from limb, says the Independent.

What political changes the next century will bring in a continent which has interested the world for thousands of years cannot be foreseen; but there is no probability that a great native negro kingdom will rise. The control is likely to continue where it is now placed, in European hands. The few states that may be called native have no promise of permanence. The destiny of the two Boer republics is absorption in British South Africa. Independent Morocco and semi-independent Tripoli, on the Mediterranean, have no future of their own. Sooner or later they will go to swell the possessions of France and other European powers.

We must regard Africa, therefore, as an appanage of Europe. The white races which pushed back the natives and settled and control the American continent, from Cape Barrow to Cape Horn, dominate all the other continents, and the black tribes of Africa, as well as the brown and yellow of Asia, are subject to their rule. The greatest of the Asiatic kingdoms is in process of decay, and its partition has already begun. It seems terribly unjust for the white interlopers to wrest two continents, America and Australia, from the aboriginal men and make them their own; to take another from the Asiatic races and erect their standards over it, and, finally, to take Africa from the blacks and subject it wholly to their will.

INDIAN CREMATIONISTS.

Yuma Redskins That Know How to Dispose of Their Dead by Fire.

C. S. Hilton has just returned to Los Angeles from Yuma, where he has been in the employ of the Southern Pacific. During his stay in Yuma there were four deaths among the Indians on the reservation, and following their usual custom the bodies were burned. Capt. Hilton says that these Indians are "natural born" creamationists, and have the business down to such a science as to discount all expensive modern crematories in point of effectiveness, says the Arizona Republican.

Their plan, the captain says, is a very simple one, but it is thoroughly effective. When an Indian dies the whole tribe have a great pow-wow and details are told off to keep up a regular and systematic wailing up to the time the body is prepared for cremation. When this time arrives a shallow hole is scooped out in the sand, which is filled with finely splintered wood, on which the nude corpse is laid. A cord or two of mesquite wood is then piled on top and about the body, the fire is applied and the entire band of Indians gather about the burning pile.

For a few seconds there is a slight smell of burning flesh, and it is all over. The wood burns to ashes, and when it goes out there is nothing resembling a human frame left; only a comparatively small pile of gray ashes, which are scattered over the desert by the winds.

LIZARDS WHICH WALK ERECT.

Widely Separated Members of This Curious Little Family Have Same Habit.

When drawing attention about a year ago to the bipedal movements of certain Australian lizards, notably the comical little chlamydosaurus, or "frilled lizard," whose photograph is now familiar, Mr. Saville-Kent referred to an unconfirmed rumor that the Mexican iguanoid lizard also possesses the power of running on its hind legs, being led to this by the correspondence in general structure of the creatures, especially the abnormal length of the hind limbs. He publishes a letter from a gentleman living in the West Indies, which shows that there also all the lizards, from the large tree iguana, five feet long, down to the tiniest mites which scamper about among the stones, are accustomed to run erect on their hind legs when hurried, says Nature.

The correspondent adds the interesting information that on the rocks about the watershed of the Guiana are old drawings of lizards running erect. Mr. Saville-Kent points out that this peculiarity, which a year ago was doubted by many naturalists, but which has now been shown to be common, deserves attention as pointing to bipedal locomotion in some remote ancestor.

Found by Grave Diggers.

The gravediggers who were employed to dig Mr. Gladstone's grave in Westminster abbey came upon a leaden coffin of some unknown person. They also found remains of other persons of whose burial there is no record, among them a skull very much worn away, but seemingly that of a young man; shoulder bones and small bones of the arm in excellent preservation, but completely browned through age. And at a greater depth skulls were found which, like the others, were only kept free from disappearance into mold by the dryness of the soil.

Eulalia's Husband.

The only prince of the royal house of Spain who is now in active service in Cuba in the cause of his country is [illegible] Antonio, Infant of Spain. He is in [illegible] prince of [illegible] and [illegible] of the "crack" regiment of [illegible] "El Principe." He is the husband of Infanta Eulalia.

[illegible]

SHOOTING AT SEA.

It Is Difficult to Shoot Effectively from a Ship's Deck—Rule Followed by American Navy.

Necessarily the deck of a vessel at sea offers a much less satisfactory platform from which to shoot than the solid foundation provided in a land fort, since even when the ocean is calmest the vessels must constantly roll from side to side. Theoretically the best time to fire would be at the moment between the rolls, when the deck of the ship is perfectly level, and in a general way it may be said that an attempt is made to do the shooting at that instant. It is practically impossible, however, to fire invariably when the decks are horizontal. No matter how careful the gunner, the piece is almost always exploded just before or just after the proper instant, says the New York Press.

The American practice, both in the army and navy, has always been to shoot low and always save ammunition until it was possible to use it effectively. In the navy the tradition to shoot low has crystalized into a standing rule, unwritten, indeed, but none the less religiously observed, and its wisdom has been proved on more than one occasion of great importance.

The precise form of this unwritten naval rule is to "wait for the downward roll." This is the converse of the maxim obtaining in the British navy that it is best to take advantage of the "upward roll," which has been observed almost from the beginning of naval fighting by the gunners on English ships.

This was rendered the more certain from the fact that the spherical projectiles then in use would ricochet along the surface of the waves if they struck the water exactly as a stone will skip along the top of a pond when properly thrown from the hand of a small boy.

COMPLEXITY OF BATTLESHIPS.

Almost Every Move Made by the Modern Sea Fighter Is Controlled by Machinery.

In the Iowa it may almost be said that nothing is done by hand except the opening and closing of throttles and pressing of electric buttons. Her guns are loaded, trained and fired, her ammunition hoisted, her turrets turned—her torpedoes—mechanisms of themselves—are tubed and ejected, the ship steered, her boats hoisted out and in, the interior lighted and ventilated, the great searchlight operated and even orders transmitted from bridge or conning tower to all parts by mechanical appliances. Surely no more striking view than this of the development of 35 years could be afforded, says Cassier's Magazine.

This growth of complexity and elaboration and this almost infinite multiplication of parts and devices have entailed upon the naval architect and constructor demands and difficulties never dreamed of in the earlier days. The staff required to design and construct an Iowa is multiplied in number and the complexity of its organization is augmented as compared with that required for the design and construction of the New Ironsides almost indefinitely.

Similar conditions apply to command and management, so that while the building of a modern battleship entails enormous work and responsibility on the naval architect, constructor and staff, the effective use of her as a tool in the trade of war presents an equal variety and intricacy of problems to students of the art of naval warfare.

MARRIAGE CUSTOMS.

The Throwing of Rice and Old Shoes Is a Relic of Primitive Times.

Until the middle of the sixteenth century Christian marriage consisted of two distinct ceremonies—the betrothal or espousals, which were followed at a considerable interval, sometimes extending to two years, by the benediction or complete marriage. Many modern marriage customs are relics of primitive times. For instance, the throwing of old shoes after the newly married pair is a remnant of marriage by capture, when the bride's relations threw stones and other missiles after the bridegroom as he rode off with his captured bride. The honeymoon is a relic of the enforced seclusion in which a captured bride and her capturer lived after the bridegroom had secured his wife; and the traditional hatred of mothers-in-law is merely a survival of the old feud between the bridegroom and the bride's family. Groomsmen are another remnant of marriage by capture. They were originally the bride's bodyguard when she was pursued by her bridegroom and his friends. Then later they used to be attached to the bride's procession, and had nothing to do with the bridegroom. Because their office was reduced to a sinecure, they were armed with lances, and carried lighted torches—for these captures were generally attempted at night.

The Waste of War.

A shell thrown from a 24-ton quick-firing gun rushes through the air at the velocity of 4,000 feet per second, striking its object with a force equal to that of 11,230 tons falling one foot. And yet, comparatively speaking, they are very harmless. Thus during the one-day bombardment of Alexandria by the British fleet of 12 ships, lasting from 7 a. m. to 5:30 p. m., no less than 3,165 shells were thrown into the town, yet not more than 350 Egyptians were killed—that is, it took, roughly speaking, six shells to kill one man.

Again, during the [illegible] [illegible] killed 107 and wounded [illegible]

SOME TIMELY VERSE.

Let's Tear Th' Day Wide Open.

It jes' one more month—I tell yeh, boys,
I'm countin' ev'ry minnit—
The Glorious Fourth'll be with us, an' we
will shore be in it.
From far Alaska's frozen shores down t'
the Rio Grande,
O'er western ocean's Dewey isles an' o'er
fair Cuba's land,
Wherever Freedom's sons hev trod, Ol'
Glory'll be unfurled
An' our eagle bird o' Freedom'll go screamin'
roun' th' world.

Let's kinder pull tergether an' make this a
year o' years,
An' a day to be remembered, replete with
noise an' cheers.
Let's fix a great big hamper, fer th' loyal
boys in blue,
Yeh bet 'at they'll appreciate some homemade
grub ter chew;
An' we'll shore wire a greetin' across th'
ragin' main,
Ter whar our noble sailor boys air havin'
fun with Spain.

It's the birthday of our nation, an' tho' we
ain't very old,
We're right vigorous an' hearty an' es
slick's a butter bowl.
They can't no nation touch us, we kin meet
'em in th' din
O' the battle's sulphurous canopy, an' we
allus fights ter win;
An' in pursoots o' love an' peace—thar's
whar we take delight—
They're a-taggin' way behind us, an' we're
almost outer sight.

So when th' Fourth is with us all the
world'll hear th' crack
Ez we tear th' day wide open an' rip 'er up
th' back.
We'll start th' kids ter shootin' an' a-makin'
of a din,
Then we'll climb up on th' gal'ry an' jes' set
eroun' an' grin.
I s'pose we'll be disfiggered an' hev holes
burnt in our hide,
But th' day'll be remembered, an' we'll feel
plumb satisfied.
—J. M. Lewis, in Houston Post.

A Happy Moment.

I have some ear for music. I was in a
singin' school
An' they look to me to lead the choir on
Sunday, as a rule.
An', commonly, there's no one more resentfuller
than me
When some musicianer shows signs o' slidin'
off the key.
But "circumstunces alter cases." I perceived
how true
That good ol' sayin' is when I beheld the
boys in blue
All lined up at the railway fur a journey
far away,
While two brass bands tuned up their best
an' started in to play.

Each went it on his own account, most vigorous
an' brash,
Not thinkin' 'bout the other an' the danger
of a clash
At first it seemed a fearful shock that
smote the atmosphere.
I never heered no discord more unpromisin'
an' queer.
An' then I listened closer. In that great
confusin' sound
A sweet an' glorious, everlastin' harmony
I found.
An' I ain't ashamed o' laughin' an' o'
cheerin' like a dunce
When the bands played "Yankee Doodle"
an' ol' "Dixie" both at once.
—Washington Star.

Duty's Volunteers.

Yet we had hoped beneath our Stars and
Stripes
To broaden man's dominion—earth's increase;
To solve old problems, and devise new
types
Of larger life in unmolested peace.
God wills us to take up the helm and sword:
We arm ourselves, obedient to His word.

Not with a light heart fare we forth to war;
Ours is no summer holiday's parade;
Nor to defend our homes, or add one star
To our majestic flag, are we arrayed;
We march, God's angels, ordered out to
smite
Wrong to the dust, and to uplift the right.

Not ours the conflict; oh, not ours, but
God's!
His is the cause; 'tis He that bids us go!
He made us for Himself, and if for rods
To execute His vengeance, be it so!
His awful trumpet sounds; Columbia
hears;
Her sons stride forward, Duty's Volunteers.
—R. Gordon Sutherland, in N. Y. Ledger.

A Future Gala Day.

The winds will ripple the banners gay,
When Johnny comes marching home.
The crowds will sing and the bands will
play:
"When Johnny Comes Marching Home."
And the cheers will rise
Till they touch the skies
And shiver the sparkling dome,
While each dancing star
Marks the time afar,
When Johnny comes marching home.

The east and south and the north and west,
When Johnny comes marching home,
Will look their proudest and bring their
best,
When Johnny comes marching home.
And the far-off breeze
Of the tropic seas,
O'erleaping the fragrant foam,
Will claim a share
In the chorus rare,
When Johnny comes marching home.
—Washington Star.

A Bird Song in the City.

Slow moving through the crowded street,
Threading my way amid the throng—
Suddenly I heard a burst of song,
A gush of music wild and sweet.

And my true soul, swift to reply,
Leaped up behind her living wall,
Gave back the singer call for call
And caroled as if in the sky.

Then, glancing up, I saw a bird
That bold his prison bars behind
Beat blazing wings, or pausing blind,
Sang unto that which in me stirred.

No more the merchant elbowed me!
With silvery streams aflow between,
Broad groves before me brightened green,
And linnets trilled on every tree.

Thus, oft amid the thoughtless crowd,
Or captive in the courts of care,
Though I a somber aspect wear,
The lark within me's singing loud.
—Moses Teggart, in Springfield (Mass.)
Republican.

At Home and Abroad.

I'allus go slow on predictions.
You seldom know how they'll turn out.
But I'm goin' to break old restrictions,
'Cause I know what I'm talkin' about.
Events show abundance of reason
For the statement I'm makin' which is:
It's goin' to be a hard season
For folks in the monarchin' biz.

In most lines affairs is revivin',
But for kings an' fur emperors it is plain
Some troubles will soon be arrivin'
If they don't become in out of the reign."
[illegible]—they're far from pleasin'—
[illegible]
[illegible] be a hard season
For [illegible] the monarchin' biz
—Washington Star

One Not Enough.

[illegible]
—L. A. W. Bulletin.

INDEPENDANT IN ALL THINGS---NEUTRAL IN NONE

"Advertising is like learning—A LITTLE is dangerous."—P. T. Barnum.

"Frequent and constant advertising brought me all I own."—A. T. Stewart.

Newspapers are the great educators of the world, if uncontrolled by factions or any party allegiance. There is but ONE Paper in Lima non-political and fearless; presenting the news as it transpires, free of petty jealousies and party coloring. That Paper is

The . . . . .
Lima News.

Delivered at your door for 10 cents a week.

More Local News
More War News
It Reaches the Masses

More Labor News
More Feminine News
It Reaches the Buyers

To our advertisers we make but one claim; to our readers we ask but one trial. You are invited to call and examine.

Both 'Phones 417. Office 316 N. Main.

All the News All the Time.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

A FEW LEADERS IN

SHIRT WAISTS.

Several small lots marked at a big reduction to close out Nobby Waists at August prices in June.

75c and 98c Shirt Waists now	49c.
98c and $1.25 Shirt Waists now	69c.
$1.25 and $1.50 Shirt Waists now	98c.
$1.98 and $2.00 Shirt Waists now	$1.50.
$2.98 Shirt Waists now	$1.98.
Odds and Ends Shirt Waists, value up to 98c now	39c.

We are showing the very newest in White Shirt Waists in plain and fancy materials. Some very swell styles with inserted fronts are among them.

LINEN SUITS AND SKIRTS.

Buyers all agree that they've never seen such perfection in ready made garments. Our goods are the product of the best makers and every garment embodies every good quality of well made apparel. Our Suits at $5.00 are dressy creations. The Skirts at $1.50, $1.98 and $2.50 are such that the best dressers are glad to wear. Our Crash Skirts at 48c are extraordinary value, and they're surprisingly nice skirts, too.

Lowered Parasol Prices . . . .

Parasols have been going fast the last few days. All the desirable kinds in black, white and fancy colors are found here. A few small lots have been marked down to close out.

$1.25 Parasols now	98c
2.98 Parasols now	$1.98
3.98 Parasols now	2.98
5.00 Parasols now	3.98

Feldmann & Co

299 and 211 North Main St.

The correct things in Ties, Collars and Cuffs, Belts and Shirt Waist Sets are here.

EVENTS TONIGHT.

City Council.
Board of Education.
"Lady Bountiful" opera house.
Tailors' Union No. 163.
Colored I. O. O. F.
Lima Camp Modern Woodmen.
Protected Home Circle.

ABOUT THE CITY.

Late Local News in a Condensed Form For Busy Readers.

The name of Wilbur Fisk is mentioned as a candidate for county treasurer when Treasurer Lutz's term expires. Deputy Treasurer Mell will no doubt be in the race also.

The Epworth League of Epworth M. E. church will hold a ghost social on next Wednesday evening, June 29th, at the home of R. G. Miller, corner Harrison avenue and Elm street. Admission 10c. Everybody come.

Bessie Morrison, a young girl, arrived in the city Saturday evening from Upper Sandusky. She was in search of her mother, who it seems resided here several years ago on Railroad street. The police assisted the young woman, but were unable to locate her mother.

A telegram from Middletown to a Cincinnati paper reads: "The police have been notified to search the city for Miss Jessie Dalton, who disappeared from her home in Lima a few days ago." The name does not appear in the directory and the police claim to know nothing about the matter.

Tomorrow the local Knights of St. John will run their excursion over the D. & L. N. from this city to Detroit, where they will attend the annual convention of the order. Knights and friends from St. Marys, Celina and Delphos, will join the local order in this city and accompany them to Detroit.

Delphos Courant: Our article on Brutal Court Martial struck the Lima friends of the victim just right and we have had to furnish a lot of extra copies. The indignant public is making arrangements to have the outrage stopped right where it is. It is noticed that not a single recruit was taken back from Lima for its Company C. That court martial is just what did it. The boys are not afraid of the enemy, but they are afraid of the military despotism that lurks beneath shoulder-straps.

Delphos Courant: To allay fears of spreading the contagious varioliod, chicken pox, measles, or whatever it may be, Health Office Cochran by order of the board of health ordered all churches at Delphos closed yesterday. This action will answer the mean slanders that our authorities are neglecting their duty. It is about time to a hot spell church rest anyhow, and that would have been a good reason to give if our people had anything to own up from the world.

TRAINS WILL NOT STOP.

Such Will be the Degree on the P, F. as to Delphos' Smallpox.

Judge Linderman is given as the authority for the statement that all trains on the P. F. will soon cancel Delphos as a stopping place, and all on account of the smallpox scare. This seems putting it a little strong, but if there is really an epidemic of the disease in that city it would perhaps be wise, but the extreme measures seem hardly probable at this stage of the game.

According to reports which are being circulated the small pox situation in the several parts of the state is assuming a very serious aspect. Word has been received here that Fort Wayne will be from today quarantined, and all trains be stopped at the corporation line. At Delphos, as stated above, even stronger means will be used.

Health Officer Laudick telephoned the health officer at Delphos this morning regarding these reports, and the reply was very encouraging. The Delphos officer stated that there were only four cases and these were being carefully guarded. So the reports seem to be somewhat conflicting.

NOT JOHN.

In writing an account of the arrest of Frank Bushey Saturday, the reporter unintentionally gave the name of "John" while in fact it should have read "Frank." John was not arrested, in fact was never arrested in his life and THE NEWS takes great pleasure in correcting the error.

Get Your

Shoes this week at Francis' new shoe store. Everything new and right up to date. Good goods at lower prices than the lowest; high grade goods at low grade prices. If you come once you will come again.

We want your trade. You will find us at the red front in the Bowdle block, southwest corner Square. 4 2

Lady Bountiful tonight.

It is a great leap from the old fashioned doses of blue-mass and nauseous physics to the pleasant little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They cure constipation, sick headache and biliousness. H. F. Vortkamp northeast cor. Main and North.

For money that you con borrow on best of terms, and pay it back quickest, feeling it least, none can compete with our plan. 7-12t-eod. CURTIS F. ASH.

Maple Syrup 75c. a gallon at Watson's.

PERSONAL.

Late Record of Limaites Abroad and Visitors in the City.

Mrs. M. Allen is spending the week in Detroit.

Arthur Thomas is home from a visit in Detroit.

Miss Madge Ewing is visiting Cincinnati friends.

Frank McCoy and son James spent Sunday in Cincinnati.

Frank McGinnis is home for a short visit with his folks.

Walter Baldwin is home to spend the summer with his wife.

Frank McCoy and son, James, visited in Cincinnati yesterday.

John Spear, of the Manhattan Oil Company's office, is quite sick.

Mrs. James Forgie, of Allegheny, Pa., is the guest of J. D. S. Neely.

Madge Ewing is spending a few weeks of her vacation at Cincinnati.

Frank Simons and wife are visiting friends in Perrysburg and Sandusky.

Mrs. J. W. Griffin, of West Market street, is visiting in Montpelier, Ind.

Wash Miller and family are in Vaughnsville, called there by the death of his grandfather.

James, Fred and Lew Cory leave today for Les Cheneaux Islands, Mich., for an outing.

Miss Benton, of St. Marys, is the guest of her father, Mr. Frank Benton, of East Spring street.

Mr. John Polsom, of Chicago, is in the city the guest of Mr. Henry Springer, of the South Side.

Miss Minnie Bowsher left for Chicago, to take a position in the Emporium millinery store.

Ticket Agent Harry McGuire, of the C., H. & D., spent Sunday with his aged father at Richmond, Indiana.

Mrs. B. D. Game, (nee Belle Colbath) of Columbus, is visiting with Miss Lillie Harper, of east High street.

Miss Norah Lamison arrived Saturday from Sandusky where she appeared on Friday night in "Lady Bountiful."

Attorney Klinger returned home yesterday from Chickamanga, where he visited with the members of Company C.

Dr. W. B. VanNote leaves in a few days for a trip to the White Mountains. He expects to be gone a couple of weeks.

Joseph Dutton, of the Buckeye Pipe Line office, is spending his vacation with his wife, who is at Salamaca, N. Y., for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Mitchell, of West Market street, are entertaining their daughter, Mrs. Sol. Blair and husband, of Fort Wayne.

Mr. A. E. Clutter, of West Spring street, was in attendance at the meeting of the Ohio Grain Dealers' Association at Toledo last week.

Sergeant Hughes, recruiting officer for Company C, left today for Bellefontaine, and from there goes to Chickamauga to join his company.

R. T. Butler, who has been a representative of the John Church Company, at Cincinnati, for the past 20 years, is in the city for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed King, of Chicago, who have been visiting relatives in this city, left for Ft. Wayne Saturday, where they will spend a few days before returning home.

WATSON'S WEATHER.

Showers and thunderstorms today. Tuesday fair and cooler.

ANCIENT ORDER OF HIBERNIANS.

There will be a monster meeting of the Ancient Order of Hibernians at their hall in the Wheeler block on Tuesday evening, June 28th, at 8 p. m. sharp. The event is to celebrate the battle of '98. Every member of the order, as well as every lover of Ireland, is expected to be present. Admission free.

Bring out the green flag; unfold its gold tresses,
Let the music of Erin float through the hall
With paintings of Ireland and the sons that she blesses
Will ennoble our hearts and make one of us all.

Sure the church we adore in only is holy.
From the beams that emanate from the pure sky,
And the hall of our order is nothing but earthly
If you exclude from its meetings the patriot's cry.

The sad voice of Davis; the sweet songs of Moore
Will bring to our vision the land of our birth;
'Tis then that you'll see in that poor brother near you
The image of yourself in the same Mother Earth.

Then bring out the green flag, let's fold it around us,
We'll sleep again like children while above us it rolls,
And the songs of old Ireland, like the lullaby of our mothers,
Will soften our hearts and ennoble our souls.

RAILROADS CHANGE TIME.

The following change in time took effect on the C. & E. Sunday:

East bound—No. 8 at 9:02 p m; No. 2 at 3:25 p m; No. 12 at 3-41 a m.

West bound—No. 3 at 1:12 a m; No. 12 at 4:59 p m, and carries passengers through to Chicago; No. 5 at 11:23 a m, No. 1 at 9:10 a m.

No change in the time of the locals.

The P., Ft. W. & C. also has a new card today, but the west bound passenger due at 2:15 a m is the only one changed. Hereafter the train is due at 2 o'clock.

A torpid liver robs you of ambition and ruins your health. DeWitt's Little Early Risers cleanse the liver cure constipation and all stomach and liver troubles. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast cor. Main and North.

WE ALL MUST AID

In Helping Your Uncle Samuel Pay the War Expenses.

Text of the Law That Goes Into Effect on July First Requiring Stamps on Everything.

The local banks have sent out to their patrons the text of the new law requiring stamps on almost everything in the negotiable line. Thus the first direct result of the present war will be felt right here in Lima after June 30. The new law requiring stamps to be placed on almost everything stampable goes into effect July 1. Some of the necessaries are given in the following notice received at the banks:

Stamps after June 30 must be affixed to all checks, notes and drafts. The war revenue bill fixes the rate of taxes on all negotiable instruments as follows:

Bank checks, drafts and certificates of deposits not drawing interest, 2 cents; notes, drafts and certificates of deposit, drawing interest, 2 cents; for each $100 or fractional part thereof, bonds, certificates of indebtedness and stock certificates, 5 cents each; $100 of original issue or fraction, on all sales or agreements to sell or transfer of shares and certificates of stock, 2 cents on each $100 of face value or fraction thereof.

Penalty for failure of maker to affix stamp, $100, at the discretion of the court.

From this it will be seen that no one can draw a check or negotiate a loan without stamping the instrument. These stamps will be on sale at the banks and postoffice on the date the law goes into effect.

On all oil leases a 25c. stamp will be required for a lease of one year, and for two years or three years 50c. and $1, respectively.

These revenue stamps, after being affixed, must be cancelled, by the maker of the paper writing his initials and the date across the face of the stamp, thus cancelling it.

The local banks have agreed that on certificates of deposit the bank will pay the tax, but that on drafts issued for the convenience of customers the person buying the draft is requested to pay the tax.

COME AND SEE US.

Callers at The News Will be Given a Warm Welcome and a Hearty Hand Shake.

Callers at THE NEWS office were surprised at the improvements that had been made in the last few days. Our office fixtures are in keeping with our news service—the best that can be obtained. Prosperity comes to those who cater to it, and the smile of Dame Fortune has come pronounced with THE NEWS. Every one in the great metropolis of the western oil fields recognizes that an independent journal, free from all classes, attacking either of the political parties that err in the straight path of justness to the people, is a boon to the city, the county and the district. Drop in on us, add your views and be greeted with a hearty handshake, causing a feeling that you are welcome to chase up and down your being.

ROBBERY AT CRIDERSVILLE.

The hotel at Cridersville, of which Haines & Newcomers are the proprietors, was robbed about 3 o'clock this morning by three unknown parties. Joe Consellor, while returning to Cridersville from Lima about that hour this morning, saw the robbers and surprised them as well as alarming the town. Three suspects were arrested.

The services at the First Baptist church yesterday were exceedingly interesting, the musical numbers being an especial feature of the morning services. The solos, "The Lord is Risen," as sung by Miss Julia Lathrop, and "He Was Despised," handled by Miss Leah Arthur, were quite impressive and were rendered in a very excellent manner, while a trio, "Lift Thine Eyes," Mendellsohn, sung by Messrs. Arthur, Lathrop and Mrs. Longsworth, was rendered in delightful harmony.

4th of July Rate via C., H. & D.

The C., H. & D. Ry will sell excursion tickets July 2, 3 and 4 to all points on the C., H. & D. and connecting lines at one fare. Tickets good to return on the 5th.

Knights of St. John from Van Wert, Delphos and Crestline are in the city this afternoon, and will leave at 4:30 o'clock for Detroit to attend the national convention.

Get Jelly Glasses at Watson's.

Harry Stevens, engineer on the Northern Ohio railroad, was a caller on friends here today, from Delphos.

The Stella Rebecca degree staff will meet for drill tomorrow evening.

Judge Lindermann, of Delphos, is here today on legal business.

Chas. Westby is a new deputy in the sheriff's office, but no one is thrown out by the addition.

Norah Lamison tonight.

MICHAEL'S
Hot Weather Specials.

Men's Nobby Crash Suits, from $2.50 up
Children's Washable Suits as low as 33c.
Gentlemen's Fine French Balbriggan Underwear marked down to 48c.
Nobby Straw Hats to suit everybody, at popular prices.

See Our Line of Communion Suits.

We have made special efforts this season to show the best line of Communion Suits ever displayed in this city and we have truly succeeded.

TWENTY FEET

George Kerr Was Precipitated Foom a Scaffold

To the Ground—Serious Accident to Two Workmen at the O'Connor Residence This Morning.

This morning about 10:30 o'clock, George Kerr and William Payton, while at work on the John S. O'Connor residence, corner of Elizabeth and McKibben streets, met with what may prove a serious accident for the first named person. The men were overhauling the residence and making some repairs preparatory for a new addition, and had erected a scaffold some twenty feet from the ground. Kerr was at the top of the scaffold when it gave way, while the other workman was about five feet above the ground. The scaffold gave way of a sudden, and the men had no way of avoiding the fall. Kerr was the most severe sufferer, and the ambulance was called to convey him to his home at 769 West Wayne street. Dr. Steiner dressed his injuries.

The other workman was only bruised and received a severe strain of his back, but was able to walk to his home, but his injuries later have proved internal, as have those of Kerr, both men being in bad condition at this hour.

Don't fail to read the want ads. in THE NEWS. You will find something there of interest to you. tf

ARRESTED!

Not the Sale, but the Manager.

During the biggest rush at Railroad Wreck Sale Saturday one of the clerks was arrested on a warrant sworn out by another clothing clerk. At the present writing things look very gloomy for the other clothing clerk. But the great Railroad Wreck Sale of fine tailor made clothing still goes on. Doors will open at 9 a. m. this a. m. Sale will continue until every dollar's worth of the immense stock is closed out.

Don't be fooled by imitators and don't forget that this sale will last 21 days unless the stock should be exhausted before that time. Come as soon as you can, anyway. If you value money don't miss this sale at 302 North Main street, opposite the court house.

The entrance to Hover's Park will be free from this time on, except when it is advertised otherwise.

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WHISKIES AND
BRANDIES,
GO TO
THE CALIFORNIA
WINE CO.

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